THE COLUMBIAN,
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, STAR OF THE NORTH AND COLUMBIAN CONSOLIDATED.
Issued weekly, every Friday morning, at
BLOOMSBURG, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.
TWO DOLLARS per year, payable in advance, or during the year. After the expiration of the year $2.50 will be charged. To subscribers out of the county the terms are $2 per year, strictly in advance—$2.25 if not paid in advance and $3.00 if payment be delayed be ond the year.
No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publishers, until all arrearages are paid, but long continued credits after the expiration of the first year will not be given.
All papers sent out of the State or to distant post offices must be paid for in advance, unless a responsible person in Columbia county assumes to pay the subscription due on demand.
POSTAGE is no longer exacted from subscribers in the county.

JOB PRINTING.

The Jobbing department of the COLUMBIAN is very complete, and our J b Printing will compare favorably with that of the large cities. All work done on demand, neatly and at moderate prices.

The Columbian.

C. B. BROCKWAY, } Editors and Proprietors.
G. E. ELWELL, }

BLOOMSBURG, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 4. 1877.

THE COLUMBIAN, VOL. XI, NO. 17
COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, VOL. XLII, NO. 8

Rates of Advertising.

SPACE.	1W.	2W.	3W.	6W.	1Y.
One inch	$3.00	$3.50	$4.00	$6.00	$10.00
Two inches	5.00	6.00	7.00	9.00	15.00
Three inches	6.00	7.00	9.00	14.00	20.00
Four inches	7.00	9.00	11.00	17.00	25.00
Quarter column	10.00	12.00	14.00	20.00	30.00
Half column	15.00	18.00	20.00	30.00	50.00
One column	30.00	35.00	40.00	60.00	100.00

Yearly advertisements payable quarterly. Transient advertisements must be paid for before inserted except where parties have accounts.
Legal advertisements two dollars per inch for three insertions, and at that rate for additional insertions without reference to length.
Executor's, Administrator's and Auditor's notices three dollars.
Transient or Local notices, twenty cents a line, regular advertisements half rates.
Cards in the "Business Directory" column, one dollar per year for each line.

Columbia County Official Directory.

President Judge—William Elwell.
Associate Judges—I. K. Ritchbourn, F. L. Shuman.
Prothonotary, &c.—B. Frank Zarr.
Court Stenographer—S. S. Walker.
Register & Recorder—Williamson H. Jacoby.
District Attorney—John M. Clark.
Sheriff—John W. Hoffman.
Supervisor—Isaac Derrin.
Treasurer—Dr. H. W. Mellenyelds.
Commissioners—John Berner, S. W. McHenry, Joseph Sands.
Commissioners' Clerk—William Ketchum.
Auditors—M. V. B. Kline, F. B. Casey, E. B. Brown.
Coroner—Charles G. Murph.
Jury Commissioners—Jacob H. Fritz, William H. Utt.
Count Superintendent—William H. Snyder.
Board Poor District—Bloomsborough, P. Rutt, Scott, Wm. Kramer, Bloomsburg and Thomas Reece, Locust, O. P. Ent, Secretary.

Bloomsburg Official Directory.

Bloomsburg Banking Company—John A. Funston, President, H. H. Greg, Cashier.
First National Bank—Charles R. Paxson, President, I. P. Austin, Cashier.
Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association—E. H. Litt le, President, U. W. Miller, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association—Wm. Peacock, President, J. R. Goldsw, Secretary.
Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association—J. Brower, President, C. G. Barkley, Secretary.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.

BAPTIST CHURCH.
Rev. J. P. Tustin, (Supply.)
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunda School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Every Wednesda evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. The public are invited to a tend.

ST. MATTHEW'S LUTHERAN CHURCH.
Minis er—Rev. J. Seltzon.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Pra er Mee ing—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. All are welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH.
Minis er—Rev. Stuart Mitchell.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 6½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Pra er Mee ing—Every Wednesday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Seats free. No pews rented. Strangers welcome.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. N. S. Buckin ham.
Minis er—Rev. J. S. McMurray.
Sunday Services—10½ and 6½ p. m.
Sunda School— p. m.
Bible Class—Ever Monday evening at 6½ o'clock.
Young Men's Pra er Mee ing—Ever Tuesday evening a 6½ o'clock.
General Prayer Meeting—Every Thursday evening I o'clock.

REFORMED CHURCH.
Corner of Third and Iron streets.
Pastor—Rev. G. D. Gurley.
Residence—Central Hotel.
Sunday Services—10½ a. m. and 7 p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
Prayer Meeting—Saturday, 7 p. m.
All are invited There is always room.

ST. PAUL'S CHURCH.
Pastor—Rev L. Zahner.
Sunda Services—1 ½ a. m., 7½ p. m.
Sunday School—9 a. m.
First Sur day in the month, Holy Communion.
Services preparatory to Communion on Friday evening before the 1st Sunday in each month.
Pews rented; but everybody welcome.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH.
Presiding Elder—Rev. A. L. Bessee.
Minister—Rev. J. A. Irvine.
Sunday Service—3 p. m., in the Iron Street Church.
Pra er Meeting—Every Sabbath at 2 p. m.
All are invited. All are welcome.

THE CHURCH OF CHRIST.
Meets in "the little Brick Church on the hill," known as the Welsh Baptist Church—on Rock street east of Iron.
Regular meeting for worship, every Lord's day afternoon at 3½ o'clock.
Seats free; and the public are cordially invited to attend.

BLOOMSBURG DIRECTORY.

SCHOOL ORDERS, blank, just printed and neatly bound in s'outh books, on hand and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Feb 19, 1875-tf

DEEDS, on Parchment and Linen Paper, common and for Admin istrators, Executors and trustees, for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN Office.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES just printed and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office. Ministers of the Gospel and Justices should supply themselves with these necessary articles.

JUSTICES and Constables' Fee-Bills for sale at the COLUMBIAN office. They contain the corrected fees as established by the last Act of the Legislature upon the subject. Every Justice and Constable should have one.

VENDUE NOTES just printed and for sale cheap at the COLUMBIAN office.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market streets, in the old post office.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

C. E. SAVAGE, Dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the Central Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Brower's building, 2nd story, Rooms 4 & 5. Oct. 15, '75.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office S. E. corner Rock and Market streets.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, (office and Residence on Third street, corner Jefferson.

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, both side Main street, below Market.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law. Office in Hartman's building, Main street.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Clark & Wolf's Store, Main street.

MISCELLANEOUS.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor Main St., above Central Hotel.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc. Centre street, between Second and Third.

WHEN YOU WANT A FIRST-CLASS SHAVE or anything in the TONSORIAL LINE go to
JAMES REILLY'S BARBER SHOP,
THE BEST IN TOWN,
Under Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.
Oct. 13, 75—

CATAWISSA.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney-at-Law, Main street.

WM. L. EVERLY,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Catawissa, Pa.
Collections promptly made and remitted. Office opposite Catawissa Deposit Bank. 6m-38

J. B. KNITTLE. W. H. ABBOTT

Important to Farmers.

and everybody in want of

LIME, LUMBER, AND COAL.

We have erected kilns at or near the Paper Mill on the D. H. & W. R. R. and are now prepared to sell lime at very reasonable prices and of good quality. Orders by the car promptly filled and shipped to any station on the above road.
A full line of LUMBER, of all kinds, dressed or in the rough, shingles, Lath and bill Timber to which we invite the attention of customers.
Orders received and filled for all kinds of FAMILY COAL.
By strict attention to business we hope to merit a share of public patronage.
KNITTLE & ABBOTT,
Mch. 1, 1876.— Catawissa, Pa.

PATENTS.

Persons desiring to take out patents, or desiring information from the United States Patent Office and consult F. A. LEHMANN, Solicitor of American and Foreign Patents, Washington, D. C. Examinations free. NO PATENT NO PAY. Send for circular.
'76 & y

PAPER BAGS FOR SALE
AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE.

BUSINESS CARDS.

DR. J. C. RUTTER,
PHYSICIAN & SURGEON,
Office, North Market street,
Mar. 27, '74— Bloomsburg, Pa.

E. E. ORVIS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Office—Room No. 1, "Columbian" Building.
Sept. 18, 1875.

SAMUEL KNORR.
ATTORNEY-A-T-LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office, Hartman's Block, corner Main and Market Streets Oct. 8, '75

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW
Office in Brower's building, second floor, room No. 1. Bloomsburg, Pa. July1,73

S. U. FUNK. L. E. WALLER.
FUNK & WALLER,
Attorneys-at-Law,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
Office in Columbian Building. Jan. 19, '77-1y

C. P. & W. J. BUCKALEW,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office on Main Street, first door below Court House Jan 8, '74

R. F. & J. M. CLARK,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Office in Ent s Building. April 10,'74

C. CREVELING SMITH. HERVEY EWING SMITH.
A. CREVELING SMITH & SON,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞All business entrusted to our care will recieve prompt attention. july1,'73

F. P. BILLMEYER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.
OFFICE—Adjoining C. R. & W. J. Buckalew.
Bloomsburg, Pa.
Apr. 14, '76.

S. G. LITTLE. ROB'T. E. LITTLE.
E. H. & R. R. LITTLE,
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Business before the U. S. Patent Office attended to. Office in the Columbian Building. —38

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
ATTORNEYS-A-T-LAW,
COLUMBIAN BUILDING, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞Members of the United States Law Association. Collections made in any part of America or Europe.

WILLIAM BRYSON,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Centralia, Pa.
Feb 18, 76.

MISCELLANEOUS.

W. HOWELL,
DENTIST.
Office in Hartman's Block, second floor, corner Main and Market Streets,
May 26—1y. BLOOMSBURG, PA.

BROWN'S HOTEL, Bloomsburg, Pa., B. Stohner, Proprietor. Accommodations first-class. $1.25 to $1.50 per day. Restaurant attached. October 8, '75-tf

C. M. DRINKER, GUN and LOCKSMITH.
Sewing Machines and Machinery of all kinds repaired. OPERA HOUSE Building, Bloomsburg, Pa. Oct 1, '75

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment, Main street, below Market. oct. 8, '75

EXCHANGE HOTEL,
Opposite the Court House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
The LARGEST and BEST in all respects in the county
W. B. KOONS,
Oct. 8, '75 Proprietor.

FREAS BROWN'S INSURANCE AGENCY, Exchange Hotel, Bloomsburg, Pa.

	Capital.
Etna Ins Co., of Hartford, Connecticut	6,500,000
Liverpool, London and Globe	20,000,000
Royal of Liverpool	12,500,000
Lancashire	10,000, 00
Fire Association, Philadelphia	3,100,000
Atlas of Hartford	500,000
Farmers Mutual of Danville	1,000,000
Danville Mutual	75,000
Home, New York	5,000,000
Commercial Union	17,000,000
	$178,956,000

March 30,'77—y

THE UNDERSIGNED, representing several of the most conservative and reliable American Fire Insurance Companies, would beg leave to offer his services to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, requesting a reasonable share of the public patronage.
W. J. POWELL.
Bloomsburg, July 18, 1876.
Office in Brower's Block. July 21

J. H. MAIZE'S MAMMOTH GROCERY

contains the largest stock of
TEAS, GROCERIES
Queensware, Glassware, Woodenware,
Canned Fruits, Dried Fruits,
CONFECTIONERIES, &c.
to be found in Columbia county.
A Complete Assortment
always on hand. Call and examine.
Jan 1, 1877.

To the Working Class.—We are now prepared to furnish all classes with constant employment at home, the whole of the time, or for their spare moments. Business new, light and profitable. Persons of either sex easily earn from 50 cents to $5 per evening, and a proportional sum by devoting their whole time to the business. Boys and girls earn nearly as much as men. That all who see this notice may send their address, and test the business we make this unparalled offer: To such as are not well satisfied we will send one dollar to pay for the trouble of writing. Full particulars, samples worth several dollars to commence work on, and a copy of Home and Fireside, one of the largest and best Illustrated Publications, all sent free by mail. Reader, if you want permanent, profitable work, address George Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine. Sept. 8, '76.-1m.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, CIGARS SODA, &c., &c.
☞Orders will receive prompt attention. ly.

THE LUNGS

CONSUMPTION.

This distressing and dangerous complaint and its precursory symptoms, neglected cough, night sweats, hoarseness wasting flesh fever—permanently cured by Dr. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.

BRONCHITIS—a Premonitor of Pulmonary Consumption, is characterized by Catarrh or inflamation of the mucuous membrane of the air passages, hoarseness, pains in the chest. For all bronchial affections, sore throat, loss of voice, coughs,

DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry
IS A SOVEREIGN REMEDY.

Hemmorrhage or spitting of blood, may proceed from the larynx, trachia, bronchia or lungs, and arise from various causes, a undue physical exertion, plethora, fullness of the vessels, weak lungs, overstraining of the voice, suppressed evacuation, obstruction of the spleen or liver, &c.

DR. SWAYNE'S
Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry
strikes at the root of disease by purifying the blood, restoring the liver and kidneys to healthy action, invigorating the nervous system.
Its marvelous power not only over every chronic disease where a gratual alterative action is needed. Under its use the cough is loosened, the night sweats diminished, the nauseating, particularly at night when undressing, or in bed after getting warm. It appears in summer as well as win er, oftentimes shows itself around the private parts, and is not confined to males only, but is quite as frequent that females are sorely afflicted, particularly in times of pregnancy, extending into the vagina, prove distressing almost beyond the powers of endurance. Cases of long standing, pronounced incurable, have been permanently cured by simply applying

Swayne's Ointment,
HOME TESTIMONY.

I was sorely afflicted with one of the most distressing of all diseases, Pruritus or Pruriga, or more commonly known as Itching Piles. The itching at times was almost intolerable, increased by scratching, and not unfrequently became quite sore. I bought a box of Swayne's Ointment; its use gave quick relief, and in a short time made a perfect cure. I can now sleep undisturbed, and I would advise all who are suffering with this distressing complaint to procure Swayne's Ointment at once. I had tri- prescriptions almost innumerable, without finding any permanent relief.
JOSEPH W. CHRIST,
Firm of Rosdel & Christ, Boot and Shoe House, 224 North Second street, Philadelphia.

SKIN DISEASES.

Swayne's All-Healing Ointment
is also a specific for tetter, itch, salt rheum, scald head, erysipelas, barber's itch, blotches, all scaly, crusty, cutaneous cruptions. Perfectly safe and harmless, even on the most tender infant. Price 50 cents, or six boxes for $2.25. Sent by mail to any address on receipt of price. Prepared only by DR. SWAYNE & SON, 330 N. 6th St., Philadelphia

CATARRH.

SYMPTOMS AND CURE.

Catarrh is an affection of the mucus membrane of the nose, throat, chest, &c., accompanied with dull heavy headache, obstruction of the nasal passages, weak eyes, watery and inflamed, hacking or coughing, to clear the throat, expectoration of offensive matter, smell and taste are impaired, stopped up feeling in the head, incessant blowing of the nose, and other symptoms are likely to appear very distressing, and no disease is more common, and none less understood by Physicians. Nine-tenths of the cases of offensive breath are occasioned by Catarrh.

"Swayne's Catarrh Remedy"
is a certain and permanent cure, and warranted in every case, no matter how obstinate or long standing. It can be obtained only by addressing DR SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia. No charge will be made for advice. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

LIVER COMPLAINT

That dreaded disease, from which so many persons suffer, is frequently the cause of
HEADACHE, INDIGESTION, DYSPEPSIA,
is speedily re leved, and are often permanently cured by

Swayne's Tar and Sarsaparilla Pills.

Fevers are often prevented by the use of these Sarsaparilla Pills, as they carry off, through the bloom the impurities from which they arise. For Costiveness there is nothing so effectual as Swayne's Tar and Sarsaparilla Pills.
They are purely Vegetable, and not specially on the Liver as Blue Mass or Calomel, without any bad results from taking.
Address letters to DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia. No charge for advice. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Price 25 cents a box; five boxes for $1. Ask your Druggist for them.

Itching Piles

is generally preceded by a moisture, like perspiration, distressing itching, as though pin worms were crawling in or about the rectum, particularly at night when undressing, or in bed after getting warm. It appears in summer as well as win er, oftentimes shows itself around the private parts, and is not confined to males only, but is quite as frequent that females are sorely afflicted, particularly in times of pregnancy, extending into the vagina, prove distressing almost beyond the powers of endurance. Cases of long standing, pronounced incurable, have been permanently cured by simply applying

Swayne's Ointment,
HOME TESTIMONY.

DR. SWAYNE—Dear Sir: I feel it to be due to you and suffering humanity to give the following testimony respecting the wonderful curative powers of your Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry and Sarsaparilla and Tar Pills. I was afflicted with a violent cough, pains in the side and breast, night sweats, sore throat, my bowels were costive, appetite nearly gone, and my stomach so very weak that my physician was at a loss to know what to do for me, as every thing I used in the shape of medicine was rejected; spit different times a pint of blood. I remained for months in this awful condition, and gave up all hopes of ever recovering. At this time you re-commended the use of your syrup and pills, which immediately began to soothe, comfort and allay the violence of the cough, strengthened and healed my lungs; in short, it has made a perfect cure of me, and I am now able to pursue my daily labor. Any person doubting the truth of the above statement will please call on or address me, at the factory.
EDWARD H. HAWSON,
Engineer of Geo. Sweney's Pottery,
Ridge road, below Wallace, Phila.
Over 20 years have elapsed, and Mr. Hawson still remains a hearty man to this day—September 30th, 1875.

PHYSICIANS RECOMMEND IT.

Dr. Thomas J. B. Rhoads, Ben ertown, Berks Co., Pa., writes: "Your compound syrup of Wild Cherry I esteem very highly; have been selling and recommending it to my patients for many years and it always proves efficacious in obstinate coughs, bronchial and asthmatical affections. It has made some remarkable cures in this section, and I consider it the best remedy with which I am acquainted.
Price $1. Six bottles for $5. If not sold by your druggist, we will forward half dozen by express, freight paid on receipt of price.
☞Describe symptoms in all communications, and address letters to DR SWAYNE & SON, 330 North Sixth street, Philadelphia. No charge will be made for advice. Sold by druggists and dealers in medicines generally.

Why Dye?

No matter how Gray or Harsh the Hair may be, it can be restored to its original color and youthful appearance, by using
London Hair Color Restorer.

London	A Remedy to Rein-	Hair Restorer
London	state the Human Hair	Hair Restorer
London	in all its youthful	Hair Restorer
London	color, lustre, softness	Hair Restorer
London	and beauty.	Hair Restorer

All persons who aspire to Beauty
of personal appearance, should not neglect that natural necessity, the hair. By many it has been neglected until it has become thin, gray or entirely fallen off. The London Hair Color Restorer restores natures losses, and imparts a healthy and natural color, thickens the hair, cures dandruff and all itchy, scaly eruptions on the scalp, making it white and clean, and insuring a luxuriant growth of hair in its natural youthful color. Price 75 cents. Principal depot for the U. S., 330, North Sixth street, Philadelphia.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
June 23 '76-1y

Poetical.

COUSIN WILL.

BY PHILIP MORER.

I strolled last night in musing mood,
Reflecting on my lonely state;
Till, wearied out at last, I paused
And leaned upon a garden gate.
The old moon's mellow radiance hung
In golden mists among the trees,
Faint odors, borne from distant flowers,
Ebbed idly on the evening breeze.

As thus I stood, absorbed in thought,
I pressed against the gate too hard.
It opened with a sudden jerk,—
I found myself within the yard
A form came gliding down the walk;—
Soft arms embraced me, as, perplexed,
I stood one blissful moment, while
A sweet voice soothed my ear; the next
It rose into a shriek, then sobbed:
"O sir, how could you keep so still!
When all the time I 'know' you knew
I thought you were my cousin WILL."

. . . . . .

These stars are moons, or rather months;
Just five have flitted since that night,
And two of these have calmly shone
Upon our wedded life. It quite
Surprises me to think of it.
And she is queenly, tall and fair,
With lustrous eyes, and such a wealth
Of—well we call it auburn hair.

. . . . . .

"So late?" I've just come from the club;
My wife sits silent, but a light,
Unseen before, lurks in her eye.
Once more I muse on that calm night
When first she met me at the gate,
And wonder, while her eyes flame still,
If ever I, in days to come,
Shall wish it had been cousin Will.
—*Scribner for May.*

WHEN WHEAT IS GREEN.

When wheat is green in furrowed fields,
And forest lanes are lined with leaves,
And passion unto pleading yields,
And every nameless maiden grieves
For lack of love, at such a time
My pleasure will be in its prime.

The clouds that keep away the sun,
And cover up the moon at night,
Before the strong March wind will run,
And leave the heavens blue and bright;
The sun will shine upon the sea—
The moon will light the wood for me.

And then, ah, then! O dearest days!
Laburnum branches, thick with bloom
Will throw their gold on garden ways,
And kiss the windows of my room;
And then the day! How will it be
To live in such felicity?

My brow with blossoms will be bound,
And from my fears I shall be free;
O tardy Time, bring quickly round
The merriest month of all for me!
That I may hear the church boy's sing,
And on my finger see the ring!
—*Temple Bar.*

Miscellaneous.

A RAILWAY JOURNEY.

A close cab laden with luggage drove up to Euston Station in time for the 7:30 a. m. train for the North. While the porters surrounded the boxes, the occupants of the cab passed straight through on to the platform, looking rather nervously about them. They were two—a very pretty girl in a most fascinating traveling costume of blue serge and fur, and an elderly woman, who, from her appearance, might have been her nurse.

"Sit here, and don't move, Miss Edith, while I take your ticket; now, mind you don't stir;" and she deposited her on a bench.

"Are you the young lady as has ordered a through carriage reserved?" asked a guard, with official abruptness.

"Yes."

"Then come along of me, Miss."

"No, no; I must wait," and Edith, who was quite unused to traveling, grasped her bag and did not move. The guard looked astonished, but only shrugged his shoulders and walked off. Presently he came back.

"You'll be late, Miss," he said, not encouragingly. "Train'll be off in another minute." Edith looked at him in despair. Should she leave her post? Would Jenkins never come back? A loud aggressive bell began to ring. Edith started up; she seized all the things Jenkins had put under her charge—rugs, carpet-bag, umbrella-case, loose shawl, and provision basket—and was crying to stagger away under the load flurried seized half the packages, and hurried her to the train. The guard unlocked the special carriage, and put her in.

"No hurry, ma'am," he said, "for minutes still."

"I don't at all like it, now it has come to the point, Jenkins," said Edith, leaning out of the window.

"Nor I, miss; and how your mamma could 'et you go all alone like this passes me. But I have spoken to the guard and written to the station master, and you've a good bit to eat, and not a blessed soul to get into the carriage from end to end; so don't be afraid my dear, and I make no doubt that your dear uncle will meet you at the other end."

"I have no doubt that one of my uncles will—I hope Uncle John, as I have never seen Uncle George."

A gentleman suddenly came running on to the platform; the train was just about to start. "Here, porter, take my portmanteau; quick—smoking carriage."

"All full, sir! quick, sir, please!"

"It's Mr. George!" cried Jenkins, suddenly. Edith started forward. "Oh!"

The gentleman caught sight of Jenkins. "Here, guard, guard! put me in here!"

"Can't sir—special."

"Quick; let me in! it's my niece."

The train began to move.

"Confound you, be quick!"

The door was opened just in time, and Edith, as much excited as Mr. George, seized him with both hands by the coat sleeves and pulled him with all her might into the carriage. They were off.

"I am so glad to see you, Uncle George," said Edith, timidly; "for though I am generally bold enough, I was rather afraid of this long journey."

"I will take care of you," said the uncle. "I am very glad to make your acquaintance, my dear." The "my dear" sounded a little strained, as though it were not a common expression on Uncle George's lips, and Edith looked up at him.

"Now we must make ourselves comfortable," said Uncle George, and he proceeded to set to work. He put the rugs and baskets into the nets, he pushed the carpet-bag and portmanteau under the seat, took off his hat, put on a very becoming Turkish fez, extracted newspapers from his pocket, spread a shawl over Edith's knees, and then wriggled himself comfortably into a corner seat.

"How well old Jenkins wears!" he said. "She looks like a young dairy maid."

"Oh!" said Edith, a little shocked at his irreverence.

"I remember how she used to feed me with dried fruit and macaroons out of the store room."

"Really! surely she is not old enough for that?"

"Oh, ah! I forget her age, but the fact was, I wasn't of course a boy."

"Of course not. Why, I think mamma said that you and Jenkins were born the same day—or was she the eldest?"

"Oh, I was the eldest"

"No, you were not; I remember she was three weeks older than you, and it was because she was your foster-sister that she always was so fond of you. Indeed, mamma said that she wanted to leave her to go to you and Aunt Maria when your eldest children were born, even out to India."

"My eldest children! what do you mean? Oh! by the by, yes; they are dead."

"Dead! my cousin George dead!"

"Yes, yes, my dear."

"Poor little Addie! Was it true that George never got over her loss?"

"Don't!" said Uncle George, abruptly; and he held up a newspaper upside down.

Edith touched his arm very gently.

"I am so sorry, Uncle George," she said sweetly. "If I had known that you had lost them both, I would not have said anything; please forgive me. And poor Aunt Maria, too! I beg your pardon."

Uncle George threw down his paper and looked smilingly at her.

"Does your mamma ever speak of me?"

"Constantly, perpetually;" said Edith, her voice still a little choked.

"And what does she say of me?"

"She says that you are the dearest, kindest, warmest-hearted, most sweet-dispositioned old gentleman existing; she says you have been a gallant officer and a loyal, true hearted soldier." Edith's eyes kindled. "And I have heard how you distinguished yourself in India, and I—I am very glad to see you, Uncle George."

"Yes, yes, he is all that," said he with enthusiasm.

"What? who?" asked Edith confused.

"My father—I—I—I mean my son."

"Poor George! he was a most distinguished soldier also. I wish I had known him No, Uncle George, I won't speak so, I do not wish to pain you."

"I like to hear all you tell me about him, my dear."

"I have only heard how good a soldier he was, and that he was so handsome and so good."

"And had he faults and defects?"

Edith looked surprised.

"I used to hear that he was conceited."

"No no," said Uncle George, hastily; "he never was that. He was proud, I grant—perhaps too proud—but never conceited."

"Poor George!" sighed Edith; "I had so looked forward to knowing him."

"Had you really?"

"Yes, I never had a companion of my own age. Do tell me, shall I like my cousins at Hatton?"

"I think so, some of them; do you mean Uncle John's daughters or his stepchildren?"

"Both."

"I think you will like Mary, tolerate Susan, abhor Agatha, admire Jane, and adore Alice"

"Alice is the adorable one, is she?" said Edith, laughing, "and is she the one they say is so pretty?"

"On no; poor Alice is deformed, and can never leave the sofa; but she has the sweetness of an angel, and the courage of a martyr; she is not in the least pretty."

"Oh, what a trial! always on the sofa!"

"What a sweet little thing this is!" thought Uncle George, but he said nothing.

"How comes it that you know none of your cousins?" said he suddenly.

"Why do you want me to tell you what you know so much better than I do, Uncle George?"

"Yes, yes, of course; but naturally I want to know your side of the story. Have you never been at Hatton?"

"Never; and I thought it so very kind of you to induce Uncle John to persuade mamma to let me go."

"Yes, I thought, you know, that a few companions of your own age would do you good. How old are you?"

"Did you not get mamma's letter in which she told you that I was to be eighteen to-morrow?"

"No; it must have been late. I never heard of it."

"How very unfortunate! Then no one will know I am coming. She asked you to tell Uncle John about the train and things."

"Ah, ah! that letter. Oh, of course, that is all right. I don't—I—I sometimes don't read letters through."

Edith laughed.

"I will tell you one version of my story. Mamma being papa's widow, and papa having been the eldest son, had to leave Hatton when a baby was born and turned out to be a stupid little girl; and she went abroad because she was so delicate, and became a Roman Catholic."

"Holloa!"

"What is it, Uncle George?"

"You are not one, I hope?"

Edith looked rather indignant. "It is very odd of you to say that," she said, "when you know as well as I do all that you did about it; indeed I shall never forget your kindness."

"I am very glad, my dear child, and I hope that in future you will be guided by my advice."

"I hope I shall see a great deal of you, Uncle George, for I know how fond I shall be of you, for my mother loves you dearly."

"It is very kind of her."

"And do you know, since we came to live in England, I have never paid a single visit, or been for one week away from home? Oh, it is such fun going to Hatton! Do my cousins ride?"

"Yes, a great deal; are you fond of it?"

"I love it; there is nothing in the world to me like a good gallop. Ah, it was the greatest trial of my life when Queen Mab was sold!"

"When was that?"

"Mamma made me give up riding, or rather I gave it up myself, because it made her so nervous."

"What else do you care for?—dancing?"

"Oh, I love it; but I have never been to a ball in my life."

"There are to be two at Hatton next week and you must promise me the first valse at each,"

"Do you valse?"

"Oh, yes. You see I am not such an old fogy as you expected."

"No; nobody would believe you to be fifty eight, but for one thing."

"What is that?"

But Edith blushed and would not answer.

"You need not mind, child, I never was at all sensitive; and, alas! now my memory is not what it was."

"That's it," said Edith eagerly; "only I did not like to say it. Here we are at the station,"

It was now 10 o'clock; Uncle George bought the *Times* and *Daily News*, and they both began to read. About 12 o'clock the pangs of hunger began to assail Edith, and she exclaimed:

"Uncle George, it is only 12 o'clock and I must eat to live. Will you have beef or chicken sandwiches, or cold partridge, or what?"

They made a very good lunch, and uncle and niece grew hourly better acquainted.

"I believe we ought to look out of the window," said he, presently. "My father said that the country about here was quite beautiful."

"That must have been before the days of railways," said Edith gravely. "Those coaching days must have been quite delightful."

"They were. Holloa!"

"What is the matter?" said Edith, startled.

"Nothing—nothing—sit still!"

But she followed the direction of his eyes. The train (a very long one) was going round a sharp curve, they were in one of the last carriages, and to her horror and terror, she saw, about a hundred yards in front of the train, a whole herd of cows on and off the line—two or three frantically galloping.

All heads were stretched out of the windows, clamoring tongues and even cries resounded from the other carriages, but neither Edith nor George uttered a sound, only she put back her hand and caught his; he seized it very tightly in the suspense, knowing well that a terrible accident might be impending. It was hardly a second, but it seemed a lifetime. The frantic cattle rushed off the line in a body, all but one unfortunate beast. The guards put on the very heaviest brakes, but the impetus was so great that the slackening was hardly perceptible. It may have been fortunate that it was so, for instead of upsetting the train, the cow was tossed off the line utterly destroyed, and the engine rushed on in safety.

George and Edith sat down opposite to each other; both were very pale.

"Thank God!" said Edith, and she covered her face with one hand. George did not speak, but he took off his cap and looked out of the window for one minute.

"Now I shall give you some sherry," he said, suddenly. "You are the pluckiest little brick I ever came across. Any other girl would have screamed."

"I never scream," said Edith, indignantly; "and I don't want any sherry."

"I am your uncle, and I say you are to have some—drink it up."

"I hate wine," she said, giving back the flask.

"There, good child, to do as you are told."

At the next station a perfect crowd of passengers were waiting for the up train. A great fete was going on in the next town for the visit of some royal personage, and the train was filled to overflowing. Presently the civil guard came up to the special carriage, and said, most deprecatingly, that there was one gentleman who couldn't find a place anywhere; and as he was only going to the next station, would they admit him just for the twenty minutes? Uncle George consented very discontentedly, and very grudgingly moved his long legs to admit of the entry of a very stout old gentleman, who sat heavily down, and received into his ample lap a perfect pile of packages and baskets, and a brace of hares, and a rabbit tied by the legs, which he had dexterously suspended by a string around his neck.

"Not worth while, indeed, my dear madam," he said, as Edith began to make room for his things. "Only twenty minutes—no inconvenience, I assure you."

The heavily-weighted train moved off. The old gentleman now began a series of playful bows which made the hares and rabbit dance up and down.

"It really was too good of you to admit an old fogy like me," he said, blandly; "for of course with half an eye I can see the tender situation."

A deep growl from Uncle George. He gave a little start and went on to himself—

"Sweet young couple! just wedded eh?"

Edith felt half choked with laughter, but she managed to say convulsively:

"Will you give me my book, Uncle George?"

The old gentleman started, cocked his head like a blackbird does when he perceives a very fat worm, and muttered:

"Impossible!"

Edith and George were wrapped in their respective novels. The old gentleman fidgeted, sighed and arranged his features into a most sanctimonious expression. There was a dead silence till he reached his station, where he descended. The departure bell was ringing, when his head suddenly reappeared at the window, the hares and rabbit streaming wildly from the back of his neck.

"My children," he said, "take my advice, go back to your friends. This—." A little shriek ended his discourse; the train was going on, and he, being borne along on the step involuntarily, two stout porters rushed to the rescue and lifted him off. Edith and George laughed till the tears ran down their cheeks.

"I could eat again, with a little persuasion," said George, presently.

"Why, what o'clock is it?"

"Just five, and we shall not get in till eight thirty. Remember that we had our luncheon at twelve."

"Very well." And they proceeded to eat.

The sun had gone down, and the whole sky was gorgeous with gold and crimson light, on which great black clouds floated prophetically.

"What a grand sky;" said Edith.

"Magnificent! Nowhere does one see such clouds as in England."

"Were you very fond of India?"

"Of course I am; my work lies there, my hopes, my future."

Edith looked astonished. "I should have thought," she said, "that now you would have been content to rest at home; but I admire you for loving work. Shall you go out again?"

"That depends very much upon circumstances. It would be a great grief to me to give up my profession."

"It is very odd, but I certainly thought that mamma told me you had given up your profession."

"She was mistaken," said Uncle George, shortly.

"I have often longed to go to India," cried Edith.

"Have you?" said George, very eagerly.

"Oh, yes, beyond anything; life there gives everybody a chance. I mean, heroic men and great characters are formed in India, and men have great responsibilities and development for quite a different class of most desirable qualities there."

"That is quite true; and you are just the sort of woman to help a man to do anything."

"I am so glad you think so, Uncle George," she said, laughing and blushing.

At 7 o'clock they reached a very large station where the train had half an hour to wait. They got up a cup of tea, and then both being rather cold, they began to walk vigorously up and down to the very end of the terminus.

"Take your seats!" shouted the porter. "Take your seats!" and they resumed their places.

"Them's a bride and bridegroom," said a stout countryman to a friend and the loud guttural "Lor!" with which the news was received reached the ears of the travelers.

A blazing lamp was in the carriage, and under its yellow light Edith tried to read.

"Don't read Edith," said the young uncle, suddenly. "Talk instead."

She shut up her book.

"To tell you the tru

The Columbian.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL, Editors.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Friday, May 4, 1877.

THE PRISON QUESTION.

On the 27th April a Bill of Complaint in Equity was presented to Judge Elwell at Chambers, by Messrs. Knorr, Buckalew and Barkley as Solicitors for William Peacock, Matthew Wynkoop, Matthias S. Appleman, John A. Funston, Hiram D. Appleman and Abner Welsh, *Plaintiffs*, against John Herner, Joseph E. Sands and Silas W. McHenry, Commissioners of Columbia County, and Charles Krug *Defendants*, in which the purchase of the Pursel lot for the location of the new County Prison and the letting of the contract to Charles Krug for $56,975, were objected to, and a preliminary and also a perpetual injunction were prayed for to restrain the Commissioners from locating the Prison upon the Pursel lot, and from contracting with Krug for the erection of the same, and also to restrain Krug from entering into such contract, &c.

The preliminary injunction asked for was ordered, to continue until the hearing of the case, and leave was granted to the parties to move to dissolve or continue the injunction on Wednesday of the present week, upon affidavits to be presented. By subsequent agreement of counsel the time was extended to Saturday and again to Tuesday evening next, May 8th, when a hearing is to be had.

The *legal* points raised by the Bill in Equity will be for the determination of the Court, but the *merits* of the case in a wider sweep which shall cover all considerations of expediency, economy and propriety, are still completely open for the examination and judgment of the public.

First, as to the Cost: The Contract is to be for $57,000, nearly; the new lot, $4,000; Architect, $500, and Extras and Supplemental outlays *as unknown amount, but pretty certain to exceed* $20,000. In fact, we will be lucky to escape with an expenditure of $80,000 to $85,000, and it may reach $100,000. When we shall have paid for all the inevitable *extras* consequent upon changes and modifications of the work during its progress; for all items of construction outside of the contract; for supplemental contracts for heating, for water and for gas, and, added to all this, the *furnishing* of the Prison in a suitable style, it will be found that the above figures are moderate statements and estimates of expense. The *one* supplemental contract made the other day at Sunbury, upon the Wetzel Prison there, was for $18,000.

This exhibit cannot be viewed otherwise than with indignation when we remember that Wetzel's estimate for construction under his plan, on the old jail lot, was from $37,000 to $49,000, according to modification of details, inclusive of an absurdly high estimate for grading the lot. That expense of grading, (which he put, we believe, at $3,000, but which other competent men put at $500) was to be saved by a new location of the Prison upon a level lot. But the new location is to carry the expense enormously upward instead of reducing it, besides the price of the new lot. It is known also that a most competent contractor and architect proposed in writing to construct the Prison with equal capacity to that of the Wetzel plan, and of approved arrangement, for a total cost not to exceed $50,000, and to guarantee the proposition by good security.

Second, the Location: This is both expensive and unfit, the cost much above market value, the ground subject to leakage from a run, and without sufficient space for its proper use. And the old Jail lot is to be abandoned, and perhaps sold for a small sum if the County can make a good title to a purchaser.

We shall hereafter give the substance of the evidence produced in the Equity case, and a full history of the proceedings for loading down the people of the county with a mass of unnecessary and profligate expense.

ANOTHER WETZEL CONTRACT.

A supplemental contract on the completion of Sunbury Prison for machinery, fixtures, &c., was let a few days since by the Commissioners of Northumberland County with the assistance and manipulation of Mr. Charles S. Wetzel, Architect. This appears to have been his final achievement with reference to that structure, about the cost and management of which there has been considerable public discussion. At the late bidding for the supplemental contract the bids ranged from $11,000 to $17,100, and the bid for $17,100 *was accepted*, upon pretences about as substantial as those we have heard of in another case nearer home. We believe it is alleged in excuse of the Commissioners that during the progress of the work the Architect had made changes several times, of which the contractor complained, and to pacify him and avoid a suit against the County, they concluded to take his higher bid for the additional work. This explanation seems to us rather thin, but it is perhaps the best the nature of the transaction permits. Wetzel contracts seem to reverse all ordinary rules of public letting—*it is not the lower bidder but the higher bidder who wins!*

Mr. Wayne McVeigh went to Louisiana on the last commission and having settled everything and everybody—except Packard, is to have "an important foreign mission." To get one of these little trifles is as easy as rolling off a log; all you have to do is to serve on some kind of a commission to investigate Southern affairs and the thing is done.

The body of P. P. Bliss, the Evangelist, who was killed in the terrible railroad disaster at Ashtabula, has been found in the lake fifty miles from the place of accident. It is supposed that the body fell on a cake of ice and was carried out by the current to the lake.

Here's another appropriation exhausted, this time the one for printing blanks for the Post office Department. Did the expenses of the Presidential election have anything to do with this as in the Attorney General's Department? Or does it arise from having a double-headed Postmaster Generalship?

Isaiah Hanscomb, chief of the Construction Bureau of the Navy Department has been relieved from duty. Hanscomb was one of Robeson's warm friends and many thousands of dollars appropriated for other purposes were transferred to his bureau. No reason is given in the dispatch for his removal, but it looks as if the new Secretary of the Navy thought the people could spare Hanscomb to advantage.

PUBLIC CONTRACTS.

An Act passed by the Legislature on the 4th of April, 1870, in relation to the erection or alteration of County buildings and bridges, applicable to eleven Counties of the Commonwealth, is a very excellent law, and if it were in force in this County would be a complete protection to the people against Wetzel jobs and contracts. By that Act all such work is to be publicly advertised for four weeks, and sealed bids therefor are to be received and *publicly* opened, "and the contract awarded to the *lowest bidder or bidders*, who shall within ten days thereafter give security to the Commissioners for the faithful performance of the contract." A provision is added that before the contract is awarded it shall be approved, together with the sureties for its performance, by the Judges of the Court of Common Pleas of the proper County, and any violation of the Act by the Commissioners will subject them to indictment and to pay a fine not exceeding $2000.

This is indeed a very wholesome, sound and salutary law, affording a much needed sanction to principles of duty and obligation resting upon public officers, which are not always properly observed. The approval by the Court of contracts and the penalty imposed upon Commissioners who violate the statute are new and important provisions; but we believe the body of the statute is *declaratory* only of the existing law throughout the State, to wit, that such work should be given out to the lowest bidder at a duly advertised public letting, upon sealed bids, publicly opened, and upon security fairly and reasonably required. This has been the usage as to the manner of letting such work, and every requirement of it is binding upon officers, who, exercising public trust, are bound to the utmost good faith and vigilance in the performance of their duties.

PERIODIC WAR IN EUROPE.

It is not so surprising that war is again raging in Europe as it is that the recent interval of peace continued unbroken so long. Europe has not enjoyed a period of tranquility for that length of time for half a century. If the studious reader of history will track back in his memory he will find it difficult to recall a period since 1827 when five or six years elapsed without a war in Europe, and there has certainly been none since 1848 when some of the "great powers" were not in conflict. Intervals of peace have prevailed for two, three or four years, but seldom or never for six years, as in the instance now broken by the war between Russia and Turkey. If we except the brief and sporadic conflict between Servia and Turkey last year, there have been no armed hostilities of any consequence in Europe since the close of the French-German war of 1870-71, which made the names of Woerth, Metz and Sedan, and the long siege of Paris familiar to the reading world. Four years had elapsed at that time since the last preceding struggle between great powers, in which Prussia, in alliance with Italy, made battle with Austria. That was in 1866, leaving in its train many thousands of desolated households and the memorable names of Koniggratz and Sadowa. Next before this, and with an interval of but two years, was the unequal war made by allied Prussia and Austria against gallant little Denmark, about the famous Schleswig-Holstein controversy. Prior to that again, and leaving a peaceful interval of about four years, was the Austrian war against Sardinia, in which the French Emperor, Louis Napoleon, took up the quarrel on the side of Victor Emmanuel and, on the celebrated fields of Magenta and Solferino—the first of which made the present President of France a Marshal and a Duke—brought into life the existing Kingdom of Italy. That was in 1859, the formal peace being concluded in 1860. Here again there had been a four years' interval of peace since the close of the Crimean war in 1856. This had begun in 1853 between Russia and Turkey alone, just as the present war begins now, but it soon involved Great Britain, France and Sardinia on the side of Turkey. Although twenty years have gone by, Alma, Balaklava, Inkerman and Sebastopol, with the sanguinary and deadly assaults upon the Redan and Malakoff forts, are names and conflicts still fresh in the public memory. That war began in 1853, having succeeded another interval of European peace, which had lasted the usual period of about four years. Its predecessor was the gallant struggle made by Hungary for independence against Austria, which, beginning with most notable success in 1848, suddenly collapsed by the defection of Georgey from Kossuth, after Russia had joined Austria in 1849. At that period nearly the whole of Continental Europe was shaken to its centre by the simultaneous revolutionary outbreaks in France, Austria, Prussia, Russia, and some other Kingdoms and States.

This was less than thirty years ago, and within that period we have enumerated seven great European wars. The average interval of peace has been less than four years, and this which is now terminated is by far the longest time of tranquility the war-damaged peoples of Europe have enjoyed. Prior to 1848, and as far back as 1827—fifty years ago—the conflicts of arms were as frequent, but not on so great a scale. Turkey and Egypt were trying to destroy the life of Greece in 1825-27, but were baffled by Russia, England and France, at the naval battle of Navarino. Turkey and Russia had one of their numerous wars in 1828-29. Poland rose in insurrection in 1830, but was quickly crushed by Russia. Belgium and Holland had their time in 1830-34, France and England intervening at the siege of Antwerp. Turkey and Egypt took their turn in 1832. Spain's first Carlist war began in 1834 and lingered until 1839, and was, in the meantime, overlapped by the French wars in Morocco and against Abd-el-Kadr, beginning in 1836, and continuingtill 1845-48. Russia and Turkey were also war in 1839. These dates bring us again to that memorable period of 1848, when nearly all Continental Europe was convulsed. It appears to be the periodic law of the last half century in European affairs, that after an interval not exceeding four years of peace war is sure to break out, and this last period of five or six years of tranquility is, therefore, a rather remarkable exception.—*Philadelphia Ledger.*

A dispatch from Washington explains how Boutwell, the Massachusetts statesman and financier, got his appointment on the Commission for the Revision of the Statutes. It seems that Grant nominated Kenneth Rayner of North Carolina for the position just before the close of his administration but the appointment went to the Committee on the Revision of the Laws, of which Boutwell was Chairman and that worthy held on to it until Grant went out of office. Now Hayes has appointed Boutwell. If he does as well as a Reviser as he did as Senator and as Secretary of the Treasury he will establish another claim on the gratitude of the nation.

Senator John J. Patterson states that he will preach the funeral oration of the Republican party, at Columbia S. C. where a meeting of that party is to be held. If Patterson would only give some gifted orator a chance to do that service for him, what a thrill of ineffable delight would agitate the nation.

OHIO NOT FORGOTTEN.

It is cheering to know that Ohio has not been forgotten in the distribution of official prizes. The President, General and Lieutenant General of the army, Chief Justice and an Associate Justice of the Supreme Court, Chief Justice of the District of Columbia, Secretary of the Treasury and Minister to Japan all hail from that State, and now comes ex-Governor Noyes, also of Ohio, as minister to France. There are in addition nobody knows how many appointees from Ohio in the various departments of Government—so many in the Treasury that they talk of throwing some of them out. It looks as if Hayes had taken Ben Butler's suggestion and given an office for every vote of the majority which Ohio gave him—some 5000. We have no doubt that it is all civil service reform but whether it is Schurz's reform or the White House article we cannot say. Any how it is a good thing to be a patriot and a plotter to be one from Ohio. Let the band play.

Parson Brownlow died last Sunday in Knoxville, Tenn. The old gentleman had been so quiet of late and took a subordinate a part in politics, that even his enemies will hardly rejoice at his departure. He was a bitter partisan, thoroughly in earnest and probably believed in his system of politics.

Dr. Shiloh's System Vitalizer.

We are authorized to guarantee this remedy for the cure of Dyspepsia, Inactive Liver, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Loss of Appetite, Coming up of food, Sick and General Languor and [illegible] we do not acknowledge that we [illegible] one dollar we find positive evidence [illegible] with ours. You who are [illegible] those complaints those worst [illegible] —and will find [illegible] can be cured on such [illegible] to determine. Sample bottle 10 cents; regular size 75 cents. Sold by C. A. Kleim and N. J. Hendershott.

50,000 die annually by neglecting a Cough, Cold or Croup, often leading to Consumption and the grave. Why will you neglect so important a matter, when you can get at our store Shiloh's Consumption Cure, with the assurance of a speedy recovery. For soreness across the Chest or Lungs or Lame Back or Side, Shiloh's Porous Plaster gives prompt relief. Sold by C. A. Kleim and N. J. Hendershott.

Hackmetack, a popular and fragrant perfume. Sold by C. A. Kleim and N. J. Hendershott. March 30, '77-eow

Marriages.

EVERETT—McHENRY—In Bloomsburg, May 1, 1877, by E. E. Orvis, Mr. H. F. Everett to Miss Mira McHenry, both of Benton.

YOHE—DRUM—At Catawissa, April 16, 1877, by Rev. G. B. Dechant, Mr. Leander Yohe to Miss Sarah Drum, both of Mainville.

CLEWELL—TUBBS—On the 26th ult., in Berwick, by Rev. J. A. Irvine, Mr. George Clewell to Miss Eva J. Tubbs, all of Berwick.

MARKET REPORTS.

BLOOMSBURG MARKET.

Wheat per bushel	$ 1.60
Rye "	.75
Corn, new, "	.60
Oats, "	.55
Flour per barrel	10.00
Cloverseed "	7.00
Timothy "	1.60
Butter "	.26
Eggs "	.14
Tallow "	.06
Potatoes "	1.20
Dried Apples "	.6
Beans "	.16
Hams & Shoulders "	.10
Lard per pound	.12
Hay per ton	12.00
Seed rye "	.88
Timothy seed "	4.00

QUOTATIONS FOR COAL.

No. 4 on Wharf	$ 3.40 per Ton
No. 5 "	$ 3.50 "
No. 6 "	$ 2.90 "
Blacksmith's Lutup on Wharf	$3 40 "
" Bituminous "	$4 00 "

E. F. KUNKEL'S BITTER WINE OF IRON.

It has never been known to fail in the cure o weakness, attended with symptoms of indisposition to exertion, loss of memory, difficulty of breathing, weakness, horror of disease, night sweats, cold feet, weakness, dimness of vision, languor, universal lassitude of the muscular system, enormous appetite with dyspeptic symptoms, hot hands, flushing of the body, diseases of the skin, pallid countenance and eruptions on the face, purifying the blood, pain in the back, heaviness of the eyelids, frequent black spots flying before the eyes, with suffusion and loss of sight, want of attention, etc. Sold only in $1 bottles. Get the Genuine. Depot and office, 259, North Ninth St., Philadelphia. Advice free. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other make. Genuine sold only in $1 bottles.

NERVOUS DEBILITY! NERVOUS DEBILITY!

Debility, a depressed irritable state of mind, a weak, nervous, exhausted feeling, no energy or animation, confused head, weak memory, the consequences of excesses, mental overwork. This nervous debility finds a sovereign cure in E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron. It tones the system, dispels the mental gloom and despondency, and rejuvenates the entire system. Sold only in $1 bottles. Get the genuine. Sold by all druggists. Ask for E. F. Kunkel's Bitter Wine of Iron, and take no other Genuine sold only in $1 bottles, or six bottles for $5. All I ask is a trial of this valuable medicine. It will convince the most skeptical of its merits.

NEVER FAILING WORM SYRUP.

E. F. Kunkel's Worm Syrup never fails to destroy Pin, Seat and Stomach Worms. Dr. Kunkel is the only successful physician who removes Tape Worm in two hours, head and all complete alive, and no fee till head passes. Common sense teaches if Tape Worms can be removed, all other worms can be readily destroyed. Send for circular to Dr. Kunkel, 259 North Ninth street, Philadelphia, Pa., or ask your druggist for Kunkel's Worm Syrup. Price $1 per bottle. It never fails. Used by children or grown persons with perfect safety. May.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE—CHURCH CHARTER.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to Hon. Wm. Elwell, President and Law Judge of the Courts of Record in Columbia county, on the 28th day of May A. D., 1877, to incorporate "The Rector, Church Wardens and Vestrymen of St. Gabriel's Church, Sugarloaf;" being a corporation of the first class in the said county, under the Act of the General Assembly, approved April 29, A. D., 1874.

JACOB H. FRITZ,
JOHN SWARTWOUT,
Wardens.

May 4, 77-3t

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
ESTATE OF THOMAS KNORR, DECEASED.

Letters Testamentary on the estate of Thomas Knorr, late of Bloom township, Columbia county, deceased, having been granted by the Register of said county to John G. Quick, of Rupert, Columbia county, Pa., Executor, to whom all persons indebted are requested to make payment, and those having demands against the said estate will make them known to the said Executor without delay.

JOHN G. QUICK,
Executor.

May 4, 77-6w

FARM FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale a farm in Benton township, adjoining lands of John Swartwout and Thomas Edwards, containing

SEVENTY-SEVEN ACRES.

80 acres are cleared, the balance heavily timbered with oak, pine and hemlock; whereon are erected a plank house, blacksmith shop and stable. Terms reasonable.

JOSHUA BRINK.

May 4-3w*

$200,000 WORTH OF GOLD-PLATED JEWELRY.

For $1 we will send, as below, 81 Warranted Gold Plated. 1 pair gold stone sleeve buttons, 1 pair engraved sleeve buttons, 1 set pointed studs, 1 set button studs, 1 Wedding Ring, engraved, 1 band finger ring, 1 amethyst stone ring, inlaid with gold, 1 elegant Ring, marked "Friendship," amethyst stone scarf ring, inlaid with gold, 1 splendid silvered lat pin, 1 set ladies' jet and gold pin and drops, 1 misses' set jet and gold, 1 ladies' jet set, ornamented, 1 set handsome rose-bud ear drops, 1 gent's elegant Lake George diamond stud, 1 cardinal red bead necklace, 1 pair ladies amethyst stone ear drops, inlaid with gold, 1 ladies ornamented jet brooch, 1 fancy scarf ring and elegant watch chain. Take your choice the entire lot of 20 pieces, sent post-paid for $1, or any 8 pieces you choose for 50 cents. Now is the time to make money. These goods can easily be retailed for $10.

F. STOCKMAN, 26 Bond St., New York

His reputation for honesty, fair dealing and liberality is unequaled by any advertiser in this city.—"N. Y. Day Book," Dec. 28, 1876.

May 4, 77-3m J w co

PATENTS!

FEE REDUCED ENTIRE COST $55.

Patent office fee $35 in advance, balance $20 within 6 months after patent allowed. Advice and examination free. Patents sold.

J. VANCE LEWIS & CO.,
May 4, 77-3m J w co Washington, D. C.

STATEMENT

Showing the indebtedness, &c., of the Town of Bloomsburg, for the year 1876: made in accordance with the requirements of the sixth section of the 2d act of Assembly of April 3d, 1874, entitled "An act to regulate the manner of increasing the indebtedness of municipalities, to provide for the redemption of the same, and to impose penalties for the illegal increase thereof," as amended by the supplement to said act, of April 12, 1876. Prepared and published by the corporate authorities of said Town.

FUNDED DEBT.

Bond No. 1, due October 1, 1874	$500 00
" " 2 " " " 1875	5 000
" " 3 " " " 1876	500 00
" " 4 " " " 1877	500 00
Interest on above bonds from September 30, 1876 to May 1, 1877	70 00
Bond No. 9, second issue, due Jan'y. 1, 1877	686 30
" " 10 " " " Oct. 1, 1877	500 00
" " 11 " " " " 1, 1878	500 00
" " 12 " " " " 1, 1879	500 00
" " 9 " " " Dec. 1, 1876	
Less: balance principal and interest due May 1, 1877	934 83
Interest on Nos. 2, 10, 11, 12, from March 31 to May 1, 1877	10 95
Bonds, issue of April 10, 1876	
Nos. 13, 14, 17, due Aug. 1 1877, aggregate	500 00
" 79, " " Aug. 1, "	500 00
" 20, 21, 22, 23 " Aug. 1, "	5 0 00
" 24, 25, 26, 27 " Feb. 1, 1879	700 00
" 28, " Aug. 1, "	200 00
" 29, 30, " Feb. 1, 1880 "	50 00
" 31, " Aug. 1, "	200 00
" 32, " Feb. 1, 1881	5 0 00
" 33, " Aug. 1, "	200 00
" 34, 35, 36, " Feb. 1, 1882 "	500 00
" 37, " Aug. 1, "	0 0 00
" 38, 39, 40, " Feb. 1, 1883 "	500 00
" 41, 42, " Aug. 1, "	500 00
" 43, 44, 45 " Feb. 1, 1884 "	500 00
" 46, 47, 48 " Aug. 1, "	500 00
" 49, " Feb. 1, 1885	500 00
" 50, " Aug. 1, "	500 00
" 51, " Feb. 1, 1886	500 00
Interest on above bonds from Jan'y 31, 1877 to May 1, 1877	133 30
Total funded debt May 1, 1877	$18,505 76

FLOATING DEBT.

Amount due sundry persons on account	$115 51
" " orders of 1872 outstanding	2 00
" " 1875 "	72 19
" " 1876 "	1,802 97
" damages opening from street	100 00
Total floating debt	$2,102 66

ASSETS.

Amount uncollected on duplicate of 1873	3 00
" " " 1874	20 29
" " " 1876	792 21
" due from sundry per sons on acct.	197 70
" Market street contributions due	200 00
" Centre " " "	2 00
" Fourth " " "	30 00
" Second " " "	175 00
" Iron " " "	78 00
" cash in hands of Treasurer	81 56
Total assets	$1,138 09

Statement of the account of the Treasurer of the Town of Bloomsburg, for the year preceding the second Monday of April 1877.

W. B. ROONS, Treasurer.

RR.

To balance due as per last annual statm't	$164 98
" amount from taxes 1873 and 1875	148 31
" " " taxes 1876	7,009 78
" " " Coln proceeds of bonds negotiated by President	5900 00
" " " from assessment of contributions on opening Second st.	626 47
" " " do from Market street opening	58 95
" " " do. Fourth street opening	18 60
" " " do. Iron street opening	14 88
" " " fines & licences collected by President	36 10
	$13,469 67

CR.

By amount orders of 1873 paid	1 00
" " " " 1874 "	269 89
" " " " 1875 "	5,093 53
" " " " 1876 "	5,368 80
" judgm't Jos. Petriken, part.	2,286 76
" Heirs Wm. Snyder, dec'd	391 31
" bond No. 14, paid with interest	505 00
" " " 8, " "	510 00
" " " 9, part "	515 00
" " " 9, part "	515 00
" coupons on surety bonds paid	819 50
" tax on bonds for 1875, paid Auditor General	387 07
" commission on $8,105.39 at 2 per cent	26 91
" commission on $5,900 00 at 1 per cent	162 10
" "	59 00
Balance cash on hand	81 56
	$13,469 67

1877, April 1. To balance on hand $81.56

DAVID LOWENBERG,
President of Town Council.

Attest: WESLEY WIRT, Sec'y.
Bloomsburg, May 1, 1877.

REPORT OF THE AUDITORS OF CONYNGHAM TOWNSHIP AND CENTRALIA POOR DISTRICT.

Patrick A. Burke, Collector for said District for 1876,

Dr.

April 9, 1877, To am't of Conyngham township duplicate at 10 mills	$5451 49
Apr. 9, to am't of Centralia Borough duplicate at 5 mills	894 62
	$6050 11

Cr.

By am't of exoneration on twp. dup.	$1 00
" " " " boro' "	7 00
	$8 00
" returned to Coms. for collection	154 94
" am't returned to Coms. for collection, borough duplicate	96 03
	160 97
" collector's com. at 5 per cent on $5871.84	293 14
" balance put in Treasury	5568 70
	$6050 11

Patrick A. Burke, Treasurer of said District for 1876,

Dr.

Apr. 9, 1877, To am't rec'd from tax duplicate for 1876	$5569 70
To am't of uncollated land tax, collected thro' C. B. Brockway, attorney for district	489 91
	$6059 61

Dr.

By am't of costs paid through Atty's Marr and Brockway on appeals	$30 73
" am't of costs paid through Atty's Marr and Brockway on suits against district	85 60
" am't of debt and interest in full paid to Susan Carr, on judgments	69 91
" am't of debt paid C. B. Millard on acc't of judgment vs. district	477 78
" am't paid H. Ikeson & Co. on acc't of judgment vs. district	365 36
" am't debt paid C. G. Murphy on acc't of judgment vs. district	61 39
" am't debt paid C. G. Murphy on acc't of judgment vs. district	25 86
" am't of order of Thos. Hennessy, steward's salary, paid	540 00
" am't paid Danville Asylum on acc't of insane pauper expenses	736 68
" Brockway & Elwell, on acc't of fees	51 37
" am't paid D. Lowenberg for clothing (order produced)	29 00
" am't paid Thomas Geraty for service as director (order produced)	20 05
" am't paid D. Lowenberg for clothing (order produced)	43 00
" am't paid Brockway & Elwell for counsel fees	100 00
" am't paid Brockway & Elwell for counsel fees	75 98
" am't paid Brockway & Elwell for advertising, printing, &c	44 00
" am't paid order No. 81, Isaiah Yeager, dated March 31, 1876	5 00
" am't paid on acc't of No. 2, Isaiah Yeager, dated Feb. 24, 1876, for fuel	54 88
" am't paid order No. 215 for auditors' fees for 1874, April 10, 1877	100 00
" am't paid order No. 215, April 10, 1877, D. F. Curry, for room rent, &c	25 00
" am't paid order No. 3, Feb — , 1877, Mrs. Thos. O'Connor, manure and horse hire	27 80
" am't paid order No. 27, June 16, 1876, Edward Hughes, work at Poor House	5 00
" am't paid order No. 6, June 26, 1876, John Morgan, boots and shoes for Poor House	39 75
" am't paid, order No. 197, March 31, 1877, to F. P. Burke salary as clerk	200 00
" am't paid, order No. 14, Feb. 23, 1877, John Crane, jr., farming on farm, &c	43 00
" am't paid, order No. 57, March 31, 1876, Board of Auditors, advertising	36 00
Paid order No. 63, March 31, 1876, Jas. Dyke, meat for Poor House	45 00
" order No. 65, March 31, 1876, John Crane service as poor director	65 00
" order No. 1 & March 31, 1876, John Crane service as poor director	80 00
" order No. 115, Aug. 26, 1876, Thos. Chapman, service as director	35 00
" order No. 116, Aug. 26, 1876, Ed. Geraty, on acc't, services as steward	100 00
" order No. 118, Aug. 26, 1876, Thos. Chapman, horse hire, &c	16 00
" order No. 122, March 31, 1877, William Chapman, team work	170 00
" order No. 76, May 31, 1876, Chas. Kreischer, carpenter work	9 00
" order No. 77, June 24, 1876, Andrew Beaver, digging drain	6 93
" order No. 79, June 24, 1876, John Moran, boots and shoes	16 25
" order No. 84, June 24, 1876, John Snyder, saith work	11 80
" order No. 84, July 29, 1876, Isaac Fisher, corn and oats	19 25
" order No. 100, Aug. 26, 1876, C. G. Murphy, groceries, &c., for Poor House	145 19
" order No. 87, July 29, 1876, J. H. Reminger, harness	48 35
" ord. r No. 90, July 29, 1876, G. W. Davis, medicine, &c	99 76
" order No. 122, March 31, 1876, Wm. M. Lavelle, Esq., for legal services	100 00
" order No. 104, Aug. 26, 1876, Bridget Dalne for wages as servant	32 00
" order No. 119, Aug. 26, 1876, Arthur Nash for funeral expenses of M. Geraty	24 50
" order No. 115, Aug. 26, 1876, John Brison for meat for sick paupers	13 91
" order No. 122, Oct. 28, 1876, Thos. Geraty, for service as poor director	30 00
" order No. 111, Sept 30 '76, Burke & Bros. for coffins and funeral expenses	121 75
" order No. 131, Nov. 29, 1876, Benj. Wagner for clover and timothy seed	12 00
" order No. 132, Oct. 28, 1876, Wm. Peiffer for manure for farm	10 00
" order No. 134, Nov. 29, 1876, John Snyder smith work, &c	10 00
" order No. 135, Nov. 29, 1876, Frank Fetterman for hay	20 00
" order No. 136, Nov. —, 1876, Daniel Houck for blacksmithing	10 00
" order No. 138, Nov. 28, 1876, Wesley Manley for repairing wagons	27 41
" order No. 128, June 29, 1876, Peter E. Buck for hardware	15 77
" order No. 189, March 30, 1875, Peter E. Buck for hardware	11 80
" order No. 9 7, June 5, 1876, Peter E. Buck for hardware	46 75
" order No. 159, Dec 26, 1876, A. B. Fortner for mdse for Poor House	6 99
" order No. 162, Jan 25, 1877, Mrs. O'Boyle for attending Cleary, a pauper	12 00
" order No. 870, Oct. 26, 1875, P. E. Buck for hardware, &c	18 81
" order No. 875, Jan. 24, 1877, G. W. Davis for medicine, &c	11 86
" order No. 912, June 9, 1876, J. H. Kemmerer for saddler work	25 00
" order No 901, Oct. 30, 1875, Lee & Mears for bone dust	19 75
" order No. 885, Aug. 28, 1875, C. Black for groceries	14 0
" order No. 810, D. C. 0, 1875, P. E. Buck for hardware, &c	18 68
" order No. 441, July 3, 1875, P. E. Buck for hardware, &c	$6 53
" order No. 99, July 29, 1876, C. G. Murphy for groceries	$4 50

By bill of expenses allowed Treasurer for collecting unseated land tax $0 00
" paid auditors, clerk hire and room rent, on account 50 00
" am't of Treas' comm'n @ 2 per cent. on $5057 19 paid out 101 14
" " of balance due the district by said Pat. A. Burke, treasurer 588 29
$59 2 61

Order No. 103, Aug 26, 1876, to Wellington Cleaver for flour and feed, $104, was presented for credit, but was ruled out for want of proper endorsement.

LIST OF EXONERATIONS ALLOWED P. A. BURKE, COLLECTOR.

On four duplicate, Mrs. Elizabeth Cleary (dead) $1 00
" " duplicate, veld wirad (poor and blind) 1 00
" " duplicate, Mrs. Thos. Langhan (dead) 2 25
" " " Thos. Gaughan " 85
" " " Mrs John Monaghan (poor) 87
$5 00

On twp. duplicate, John Geraty (deceased) 1 0

LIST OF TAXES RETURNED TO COUNTY COMMISSIONERS FOR COLLECTION.

Centralia Borough.

Michael Crane	$ 0 68
P. F. Collins	4 00
James Calahan	50
Ed Curley	55
Michael Dougherty	50
Henry Davis	75
Thomas Gaughan	80
Thomas Howells	75
John G. Hanley	50
Thomas Hoban	50
John J. Hughes	55
Ann T. Jones	55
Caroline Kiffe	55
Widow Keller	55
R. C. Keller	55
H. A. Lovegand	55
James Mering	55
	55
	55

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, FRIDAY, MAY 4 1877

Rail Road Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG RAIL ROAD

	NORTH.	SOUTH.
Accommodation Train,.....	6.45 A. M.	7.59 A. M.
Mail Train	7.38 A. M	4.49 P. M
Express Train	1.50 P. M.	11.57 A. M
" "	8.56 P. M.	

CATAWISSA RAIL ROAD.

	NORTH.	SOUTH
Accommodation Train	6.38 A. M.	7.37 P. M.
Sugarloaf Express	4.06 P. M.	11.35 A. M.

Through cars on Express train either to New York or Philadelphia. Accommodation train runs between Catawissa and Williamsport.

Major Chester K Hughes has been appointed general agent and collector for the COLUMBIAN and has commenced a canvass of Columbia county for the purpose of settling our accounts, getting new subscribers, and soliciting advertisements and job work. On all subscriptions on which nothing has been paid since October 1st 1875, there was due April 1st 1877 three dollars, for eighteen months subscriptions. All persons owing us for printing are hereby notified that their bills must be settled soon at this office. It is much easier for subscribers who have been receiving the COLUMBIAN for the past year and a half to pay us three dollars than for us to have standing out nearly two thousand dollars on unpaid subscription. The old notion that newspapers do not cost the proprietors anything, and are published for fun is about exploded, and hence it has become a necessity for us to appoint a collector to gather in enough funds to pay expenses. Mr. Hughes will not visit the town-ships at present where collectors have already been appointed, and subscribers in the following places will please settle with our collectors before May Court They are as follows:

I K Knickbaum, Cambra,
W T Shuman, Mainville,
Wm Bryson, Ashland and Centralia,
L. K. Mowrer, Danville,
Wm Appleman, Benton,
N. P. Moore, Buck Horn, Jerseytown and Red Mill.

We call attention to the reduced rates of coal offered by C W. Neal & Bro.

Court begins next Monday. It is expected to be a busy session.

Mr. Daily is making improvements and additions to his house on Center street.

Thunder storms on Saturday and Sunday nights, Vernal.

Rhubarb pies are now ripe. Crop promises well.

Asparagus the delicate and delicious has made its appearance in some few favored localities.

A few new sidewalks in Benton would make that village much more agreeable to foot passengers.

A new road is in process of construction at the foot of the hill, just this side of Benton. When completed it will be a much easier drive than the present highway above it.

We regret to learn that Montgomery Cole of Sugarloaf township, formerly one of the Commissioners of this county, is very sick and hardly able to leave his dwelling.

We are glad to hear that Hon. Lin Barthlomew, of Pottsville, has so far recovered from his recent severe illness as to make his appearance on the streets.

Flour is selling in town at the rate of $12 per barrel and potatoes for $1.40 per bushel. Thus have the necessaries of life become luxuries which must be beyond the reach of many.

It cost Hiram Reese, of Buckhorn, $5 to display the speed of his horse, in Danville, last week. The Chief of Police thought it was worth that much.

The *Republican*, true to its instincts, defends the rotten Wetzel job. It has words of praise for him, but not a line for the tax payer. Truly, "birds of a feather flock together.".

It is an old adage that "where the carcass is, there will the eagles be gathered together." Hence the Republican's defence of such corrupt men as Chamberlain and Packard, and its advocacy of the jail job.

The police at the jail are a jolly set of fellows and musical too. We have on several occasions, recently, enjoyed their singing. They probably did not intend to serenade us but we return thanks all the same.

It may not be generally known that persons who from carelessness or other cause take from the post-office the letters of another, and fail to return the same, are liable to a fine of $500 or one year's imprisonment.

The pioneer bumble bee of 1877 crept out of his hole in the ground yesterday, and after looking around for an hour or two for a boy to sting, found him, stung him, and went back to clean house.

The Sullivan *Democrat* says a white robin has been seen in its neighborhood lately. The poor bird is covered with snow, we presume. There's sleighing up there yet, isn't there?

Jacob Hess, of Sugarloaf township has placed us under obligations by sending a few Indian relics. One is one axe shaped stone, as smooth as glass, and supposed to have been used in dressing the skins of animals.

Mr. George Leacock, one day last week shot five fine ducks, at the river. Two of them were butter-ducks, so called, the others resembled what are known as scaup. The latter are large birds and get their name from the shell fish on which they feed.

We have received a communication from Catawissa but do not publish it because, first, it bears no signature, and, second, because it is highly abusive of a person of whom we know nothing. The COLUMBIAN does not take part in personal quarrels.

One of the poor directors of Schuylkill county visited a family recently whose children lived on dog meat. When the director entered the house of the destitute, the father of the children was cooking a dead dog, they having grown used to the horrible dish.

The Auditor General has hunted up a law, passed in 1849, providing for the taxation of patent medicines and the like, which he proposes to enforce. It has been a dead letter for twenty-five years.

The Democratic State Committee met on the 1st inst., and decided that the next Democratic State Convention should be held at Harrisburg on the 8th of August. All right—place and time satisfactory.

There's nothing like enterprise. Here's the Pottsville *Evening Chronicle*, with a laudable desire to satisfy its readers utterly regardless of expense, printing despatches from England "by cable to the *Evening Chronicle*." Extravagant but commendable.

We hereby give notice that we have a local and assistant editor, a foreman, and a full force of journeymen and apprentices. We have received so many applications this spring that we insert this notice once for all. No communications will be answered unless stamp is enclosed.

By a law approved March 23d, arbitrators are to receive two dollars per day and five cents per mile for travel, provided that in cases where no defence is made and in cases in which the arbitrators shall be engaged less than five hours, their fees shall remain as heretofore.

In the Fall of 1875 ex-Sheriff Millard buried some beets in his garden and they remained undisturbed until last week, when they were dug up and found to be in good condition and fit for cooking. They were eaten and were quite palatable.

The many friends of E. D. Hughes, for many years a conductor on the L. & B. railroad will be sorry to hear that he has been discharged. He was as popular a man as there was on the road and was a thoroughly efficient officer. No reason for this action on the part of the company has been assigned so far as we have heard.

Some of the new Spring hats worn by the ladies are hideous—we grieve to say it, but such is the fact. They are huge, ill shaped and resemble an overgrown bouquet. The truth is, that milliners who invent such monstrosities should be locked up in some quiet place like a lunatic asylum, until the genuine good taste of the ladies achieve a reform.

And now Wilkes Barre, undismayed by the separation of Providence from the city of Scranton, desires to incorporate Ashley and Kingston and thereby gain a higher rank among the cities of the State. Scranton has heretofore stood third on the list but Reading will now take that place.

The Catawissa people are much excited over the Reading railroad trouble and sympathise heartily with the engineers. It is said that the women and children hissed an engineer, the other day, who had taken the place of a Brotherhood man, whilst running his train through town.

BARGAINS.—F. Stockman, 25 Bond Street, N. Y., is selling a bankrupt stock of jewelry, and offers as much for $1 00 as can easily be retailed at $10 00 See his advertisement in our columns. The *Boston Globe, N. Y. Day Book*, and other first-class papers recommend him highly, as strictly honorable and goods first class.

The Supreme Court of the United States decided last week, that the payer of a check which has not been accepted by the bank on which it is drawn can not maintain an action against the bank. Until acceptance there is no privity of contract between the payer and the bank.

A safety envelope to prevent tampering has been devised. On the flap the words "attempt to open" are printed with a double set of chemicals, the first impression containing nutgalls and the second green vitriol. If the flap be steamed or moistened in any way the magic printing will appear.

In view of the multiplicity of inventions, and the many complications arising under the patent laws, persons desiring to obtain valid patents cannot be too careful in securing the services of experienced and skilled attorneys. Mr. F. A. Lehmann, of Washington, D. C., has been several years an examiner in the Patent Office, and is one of the most successful practitioners before the Department and the Courts. He requires no fee until the patent is secured.

The railroad companies are doing all in their power to break up combinations of engineers and firemen, on the principle that such combinations are wrong; and yet in the face of their argument these very companies are forming a coal combination to increase the price of coal and regulate the supply according to price.—This is consistency with a vengeance.—*Easton Express.*

The Attorney General has given the State Treasurer an opinion in which he claims there is due the State from counties, under act of 1842 which requires, in case they do not pay an amount of State tax equal to the appropriation made for the common schools annually, enough to make up the deficits. The Attorney General shows that the indebtedness of the counties to the State for the past three years is about $1,300,000.

A cow belonging to Eli Robbins, of Fishing Creek township, recently gave birth to a singular monstrosity. On one side of the head the mouth extended to the ear, and on the other side very nearly so; the upper jaw was seven inches long, the lower, three inches. The head somewhat resembled that of a dog. From the hips, near the back bone, grew two tails, which were without bone and grew together at the ends. The nondescript was born alive but was subsequently killed.

Some post master has returned to this office the COLUMBIAN addressed to "Thomas Jones," stating no reason therefor and giving no post office address. This is no notice at all as required by law. If this postmaster does not give us the address of Jones we shall send it as usual and collect the amount from the postmaster. If he doesn't understand his business, it is time he learned and we will help his education.

The first days of "ye merrie month of May" were not remarkably humorous, on the contrary the temperature was very like that of the February just passed. There was a general and lively demand for heavy overcoats and those whose parlor stoves had been removed for the season, sat in the kitchen o'nights and ejaculated dolefully at intervals "Goodness gracious, what weather." And they were right—it was.

The Hazleton *Sentinel* says a tramp recently stopped at the house of Philip Harris, in Coleraine, and was given something to eat. Noticing that John Harris, aged 18, was blind in one eye, he said he could cure him. He told the afflicted man to take a sour apple, cut it in two, and rub the cut edges on the eye. The young man did as he was told and regained sight. He had not been able to see out of the eye for seven years.

An act was passed at the last session of the State Legislature, has been signed by the Governor and become a law, requiring Justices of the Peace and Aldermen to render judgment within ten days after all evidence shall have been heard. Heretofore the law required judgment to be rendered in twenty days, and this change is one that should be remembered by all having suits pending or who expect to have business of this kind to attend to.

Dr. Richardson, of England, who is now recognized as a high authority on matters of domestic hygiene, says that 62° Fahrenheit is the right degree of temperature for health, and that those engaged in literary or artistic work cannot possibly be too careful on this point. If their labor be prolonged or severe the temperature may be allowed to run up to 65°, or 70°. The same rule applies to all sedentary persons and children studying. Our rooms here are apt to be at least ten degrees too high for healthy persons.

Bloomsburg is a musical town and has on all occasions evinced its warm appreciation of "sweet sounds" in all forms—and yet the dark eyed sons of Italy who manipulate the hand organ visit us not. Once they did, but of late they have become as rare as $10 bills. Why is this thus? We ask for information, not for organ grinders,—and we request that the editors of adjoining counties will not mention that Bloomsburg is pining for the dark-eyed sons aforesaid or that countless nickels await their coming.

H. H. Cummin and J. O. Parker Esqrs, of Williamsports were in town on Wednesday to ask Judge Elwell to hold court in that city, on Saturday, to hear an important suit relative to bonds in which the city is interested. The Judge accepted to their request.

White, smooth and soft any lady's hands, arms or neck may become, who uses Glenn's Sulphur Soap Pimples or other disfigurements of a complexional nature, are surely obliterated by this healthful promoter of beauty. Depot, Crittenton's No. 7 Sixth Avenue, New York Hill's Hair & Whisker Dye, black or brown, 50 cts.

May 4, 4w.

There will be a meeting of the Joint Committee of the Legislature on the Fish Department, at Harrisburg, on Tuesday May 8th. Hon. E. J. McHenry, of this county, is one of the Committee. After the election of an engineer and clerk, the Committee will inspect the fish ways at Columbia Dam. There seems to be no doubt that, if proper shutes were built, shad could come up the river, as they have made their way through a break and been caught above the Dam. We hope the Committee will do something to ensure the passage of these fish up the river.

The truth of the matter is, that unless the Town clock can be so regulated as to indicate something like the correct time, it had better be stopped. Divers persons who have placed dependence on it have been left at the railroad station gazing disconsolately after departing trains, and the community is rapidly degenerating into a mingled condition of bewilderment and profanity painful to contemplate. The Court House bell took a freak, a day or two ago, and tolled solemnly all day, no one assisting, but whether in grief at the wretched time kept by the clock beneath or in sorrow for the Commissioners of the county in relation to the new jail job, we could not ascertain. Let the clock be regulated or stopped.

The Colossal Bronze Statue of Victory which stands in the Park, at Lowell, before the tomb of the first soldiers that fell in the revolution, is a lasting and beautiful tribute of art. It is one of the first objects sought by strangers visiting our sister city, which indeed many visit purposely to see this elegant object of high art. It was obtained from the King of Bavaria by Dr. J. C. Ayer, to whom his majesty was especially gracious in acknowledgement of what his remedies are reputed to have done for the suffering sick. It was donated by the Doctor to the City of Lowell as a permanent and speaking emblem of the victories both of Science and Arms.—*Hagerstown (Md.) Press.*

May 4, 4w.

On Sunday morning last a number of Sir Knights belonging to Crusade Commandery of this place took a special train on the D. H. & W. R. R., at Catawissa for Sunbury to attend the funeral of John Cadwallader, late a member of Calvary Commandery, (Danville). At Riversides a large number of Sir Knights, headed by Stoe's Band entered the train. The funeral took place at 2 o'clock P. M. and the procession was one of the largest we have ever seen. The Knight Templars took the lead, followed by the Blue Lodge Masons, firemen and citizens. The streets were literally crowded with people.

At the grave the solemn and beautiful Templar ceremony was performed, aided by a choir and organ. We regret to state that on the return from the cemetery a small boy was run over, and seriously, if not fatally injured, by a reckless driver.

At about half past seven o'clock on Saturday night a pistol shot broke the stillness of the air, at the corner of Second and Centre Streets. A crowd speedily gathered and it was ascertained that George Briggs had been shot by James Green. Both are colored men and both were intoxicated. The cause of the trouble is not known. Just before the shot was fired Briggs struck at Green who instantly drew a pistol from his pocket and discharged it full at the breast of Briggs. The ball struck the breast bone and glanced around the ribs. Probing failed to disclose where it lodged. Briggs was taken to Moyer Bros.' Drug Store, where he received prompt medical attendance and Green was locked up. The wounded man is doing well and his injuries though severe are not likely to prove fatal.

This is another of the many strong arguments against the pernicious habit of carrying deadly weapons. The law on the subject should be rigidly enforced.

HOW TO BURN COAL.—A very common mistake is made and much fuel wasted in the manner of replenishing coal fires both in furnaces and grates. They should be fed with a little coal at a time, and often; but servants, to save time and trouble, put on a great deal at once, the first result being that almost all the heat is absorbed by the newly-put-on coal, which does not give out heat until it has become red hot Hence for a while the room is cold, but when it becomes fairly aglow the heat is insufferable. The time to replenish a coal fire is as soonas the coals begin to show ashes on their surface, then put on merely enough to show a layer of black coal covering the red. This will soon kindle, and as there is not much of it, an excess of heat will not be given out. Many also put out the fire by stirring the grate as soon as fresh coal is put on, thus leaving all the heat in the ashes when it should be sent to the new supply of coal. The time to stir the fire is just when the new coal laid on is pretty well kindled. This method of managing a coal fire is troublesome, but it saves fuel, gives a uniform heat and prevents the discomforts of alternation of heat and cold above referred to.

The Public Schools except Room Number One of the Third street school, closed on last Monday afternoon. Prof. Schoonover and wife, who have charge of Room Number One, Third street, were obliged to lose one week during the term, and therefore will not close until next Monday. At the Fifth street school the exercises were very interesting, and a large number of visitors were in attendance. In Room Number One, under Prof. Wilbur and Miss M. Edgar, speeches, dialogues, songs, and gymnastics were the order of the day. When the programme was about half completed there came a part that was not on the bill. Prof Wilbur was requested to appear on the stage, when he was met by Master Peacock, who in the name of the students presented him with an elegant family Bible. The professor was taken completely by surprise, and occupied several moments in attempting to check his emotions. When he had sufficiently recovered the power of speech, he responded in a few remarks thanking the pupils for this token of their love and respect. Miss Edgar was then subjected to the same ordeal, her present being a beautiful pearl card case. Then the performance went on. A part of the programme was the presentation of a Dictionary to the student who had made the most progress in drawing during the term. A committee consisting of A. C. Smith, J. C. Brown, and Geo E. Elwell reported unanimously in favor of Number one, who proved to be Miss Lulu Potter. The dictionary, given by Charles E. Scott of Williamsport, was presented by Mr. Brown in an appropriate speech.

In the other rooms of this school, and the Third street school, the exercises were creditable to both teachers and pupils, but space will not permit us to go into details.

We have just cause to be proud of our public schools. They were never in better condition than they have been during the past winter. We have but one suggestion to make, and that is, that hereafter at the closing exercises the Opera House be used, instead of the school rooms which are entirely too small for such occasions. It would be but slight expense to the school district, and afford much greater satisfaction to teachers, scholars and visitors.

CONSECRATION OF A CHURCH

St Gabriel's Protestant Episcopal Church in Sugar Loaf Township was consecrated on Tuesday May 1st, by M. A. DeWolfe Howe, D. D Bishop of Central Pennsylvania, assisted by the following clergymen, Revs. T. F Caskey of Williamsport. J. Peck, Danville, L. Zahner, Bloomsburg, J. Hewitt, Hazleton, and J. McA. Harding, the minister in charge. A large congregation witnessed the impressive ceremony, about fifty persons from Bloomsburg being in attendance. It is needless to enter into a history of the struggles of this church for an existence, or to describe the building, both of which have been recently given in the COLUMBIAN. Suffice it to say that through the earnest efforts of the members of the Parish and the Pastor, the work has been most satisfactorily completed.

Services began at half past ten with the consecration ceremonies; then followed Morning Prayer, the Psalter and Lessons being read by Rev. L. Zahner, the prayers by Rev. J. Peck, Epistle and Gospel by Rev. J. Hewitt, and the sermon by Rev. T. F. Caskey. The sermon was an excellent discourse appropriate for the occasion. The music was furnished, by special request of the vestry, by Misses Freeze, Brower, and Elwell, and Messrs. Hart and Townsend, accompanied by Geo. E. Elwell, organist. It is unnecessary to speak of the quality of the singing. For several years these ladies and gentlemen, when members of St. Paul's choir, Bloomsburg, enjoyed the reputation of being one of the best choirs in the diocese, and their singing on Tuesday was fully up to the old standard, eliciting complimentary remarks from the Bishop and clergy, and many of the congregation. After service the clergymen returned to the residence of John Swartwout Esq. where they were handsomely entertained, and the choir were taken in charge by Dr. J. F Chapin and lady, of Benton, at whose house a bountiful and delicious dinner awaited, to which all present did full justice. In the evening the Bishop performed the rite of confirmation when several persons were taken into the church. One of the most interesting incidents of the day was the presence of Joshua Brink Sr. who was a member of the vestry of old St. Gabriel's in 1812, and who though very aged and feeble is again on the vestry of the church which has risen like a Phoenix from the ashes of the old parish The occasion was thoroughly enjoyable, and will long be remembered with pleasure by all whose privilege it was to be present.

MURDER WILL OUT.

A few years ago "August Flower" was discovered to be a certain cure for Dyspepsia and Liver complaint, a few thin dyspeptics made known to their friends how easily and quickly they had been cured by its use The great merit of Green's August Flower became heralded through the country by one sufferer to another, until, without advertising, its sale has become immense. Druggists in EVERY TOWN in the United States are selling it No person suffering with sour stomach, sick headache, costiveness palpitation of the heart, indigestion, low spirits, etc, can take three doses without relief Go to Moyer Bros., and get a bottle for 75 cents and try it. Sample bottles 10 cents. April 20, '77-1y jl

Business Notices

Moyer Bros. can be relied on for perfect accuracy in compounding prescriptions.

The Ladies favorite: Mrs. Knox's fluting machine, at J. Schuyler & Sons.

Gents' Fancy Shoes at E. M. Knorr's.

Go to Marr for Magic Glycerine Soap—Try it.

New Spring Stock of Parasols at prices to suit you. Our motto is, to be down to rock bottom in prices on all goods, at Clark & Wolf's.

Justices' Dockets cheap at Clark's Book Store.

Nice Slippers, Gaiters and Morocco Shoes at Marrs.

The best general assortment of Drugs, Chemicals, Paints, Glass, &c., in this part of the State, is kept by Moyer Bros.

Those who wish to obtain first class Groceries, can find them at T. W. Conner's new store in Mendenhall's building. Country produce taken in exchange. April 27-6w

Splendid New Hats this week at Marr's.

Hats, Hats, Hats,
for Men's, Boys' and Youths' wear in all grades and styles at D. Loweuberg's.

FOR RENT.—Two rooms on the 2nd floor of the East building. Apply to
2w MRS. M. E. ENT.

E. Butterick & Co.'s Patterns at Marr's.

$1.25 Foxed Gaiters at McKinney's.

Base balls and bats cheap at Clark's Book Store.

Magic Glycerine Soap at Marr's.

'Down to Hard Pan" Boots and Shoes at McKinney's.

Window Shades and Wall Paper in great variety and cheap at Clark's Book Store.

Now in—Our Spring Stock of Goods at such prices as will suit all. Clark & Wolf.

Eckhart Jacobs has opened a Bakery on Main street below Market, and is prepared to furnish the best Bread, Rolls, &c. His reputation as a baker is so well established that he needs no commendation from us.

Ice Cream Soda at Moyer Bros. Drug Store.

Ball Worsted & Silk Fringes, in the latest shades, with trimming silks cut on the bias, and a great variety of other dress and ladies' coat trimmings at Clark & Wolfs.

Gents' Buff Congress at E. M. Knorr's for $2.50.

PUBLIC WANTS SUPPLIED.
If you want a good Suit of Clothes,
If you want a cheap Suit,
If you want a Nobby Suit,
If you want a Spring Hat,
If you want them all you can find just what will suit you in Price, Quality, Quantity and Style at D. Lowenberg's.

Appleton A muslins per bolt,	8½c
Hill 4-4 muslin " "	10c
Fruit 4 4 muslin " "	11c
Standard calicos 6½c per yard.	
Good Ginghams 8c and upwards.	
Striped mohair skirts 60c and upwards.	
A large line of domestic goods.	
Call and see us.	Clark & Wolf.

Lasting Gaiters, $1.00 at McKinneys.

Wall Paper cheap at Clark's Book Store.

Some 10 different kinds of Corsets now on hand at Clark & Wolfs.

NEW GOODS
just received a large lot of spring styles of Shoes at E. M. Knorr's.

Arctic Soda, with all the best Syrups at Moyer Bros.

Our stock of Dress Goods is complete, comprising Cashmeres and other black goods, with a great variety of plain and other styles and shades. Call and see. Will not be undersold Clark & Wolf.

Window Shades cheap at Clark's Book Store.

Rubber Coats,
Rubber Pants,
Rubber Caps,
Cheap and New at Lowenberg's.

Hand-made Shoes at McKinney's.

WANTED.—Two girls to learn the tailoring trade. Wm. Y. Kester. Apr.27tf

Ladies' fine Shoes, all widths and sizes at McKinney's.

COAL! COAL!! COAL!!!

We are now offering the celebrated Susquehanna Coal Co's Coal at the following cash prices:
No. 6. $1 65 per ton on wharf.
No 5. 2 65 per ton on wharf.
No. 2 3 and 4 2 90 per ton on wharf.
Blacksmith's Lump 2.90 per ton on wharf.
Bituminous 4.50 per ton on wharf.
35 cents per ton additional, for delivery to any part of the town
Coal House Rates 15 cents per ton less.
No. 6. to Lime-burners $1.50 per ton.
Coal screened before leaving our yards and full weight guaranteed.
Orders left at I. W. McKelvy's Store, at our office, or sent through the mails will receive prompt attention.
Your patronage is respectfully solicited.
C. W. NEAL & BRO.

May 1, 1877.

The World's Choice.

A Centennial Decision.

Competent judges representing the civilized people of the world appointed for the knowledge of particular art or sciences, convened at Philadelphia for six months to decide upon the comparative merits of the various inventions of mankind, awarded to the manufacturers of Benson's Capcine Porous Plaster, after a careful test and comparison of this remarkable remedy with ordinary porous and other kinds of plasters, the highest and only medal, above all foreign and American competitors, on the ground of its great superiority over other plasters, and its wonderful pain relieving strengthening and curative properties. Remember that this decision was made by four practical and skilled physicians.

Remember that no nostrum was allowed to be exhibited at the Centennial. Remember when you are suffering from any ache or pain that Benson's Capcine Plaster is the best remedy ever devised for all external difficulties.

SEABURY & JOHNSON,
PHARMACEUTICAL CHEMISTS, N. Y.
May 19, '76 1y.

DENSON'S
CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS,
A great improvement on ordinary porous plasters.

RELIEVES PAIN AT ONCE,
THE BEST
Strengthening Plaster Known.
CURES QUICKLY
Rheumatism, Neuralgia,
Lame and Weak Back,
Sciatica, Lumbago,
Spinal and Kidney Complaints,
all aches and pains of a local nature.
Sold everywhere Price 25 cents.
May 19 '76-1y SEABURY & JOHNSON,
Pharmaceutical Chemists, N.Y.

Have you tried Kirby's WildCherry Cough Balsam? A very palateable compound for the various affections of the throat and lungs it has been used with success, in seven cases of asthma giving instant relief and in many cases effecting a permanent cure. Price 50 cents per bottle. Positively warranted to give entire satisfaction or money refunded.

Kirby's Magic Relief for the instant cure of severe and acute pains.

Kirby's Tasteless Worm Lozenges, pleasant, safe and effectual.

Kirby's Horse and Cattle Powders are the best powders for stock, manufactured. Try them and be convinced.

Kirby's Camphor Ice for sunburns, sore lips and chapped hands.

Gill's Billious and Liver Pills are recommended by the first Physicians.

The above preparations are for sale by all Druggists and dealers in medicine.
MOYER BROTHERS,
July 21, '76.-1y Wholesale Agents

BANKRUPT SALE.

The undersigned assignees of Nehemiah Reece of Buckhorn, adjudged a Bankrupt on Creditors' petition, will expose to public sale or outcry on the premises of said N. Reece on

Saturday, May 19, 1877,

all the personal property of said Bankrupt consisting of

5 HORSES, 6 COLTS,

one four-horse iron axle Wagon and box, one two-horse Wagon and box, one Spring Wagon with pole and fills, one Buggy, one Truck Wagon, one Sulky, two Sleds, one Sleigh, one tread-power THRESHING MACHINE, one corn sheller, one combined Buckeye Reaper and Mower,, undivided one-half of a land-roller, undivided half of a Riston Grain Drill, undivided half of a cloverseed huller, one double Michigan Plow, two cast irons one steel Plow, two drag Harrows, one double corn Plow, two corn Cultivators, one Hay Rake, 3 Forks, three scoop Shovels, two Shovels, three grub Hoes, one bushel measure, one one-half bushel measure, &c., five sets heavy Harness six collars, five bridles, five set fly straps, one set double light Harness, collars and bridles, one set silver-mounted light Harness, collar and bridle, one set black mounted harness, one set silver-lined light Harness, six set traces, two breast chains, thirty-six chestnut posts two thousand chestnut palings and a lot of other articles too numerous to mention.

Sale to commence at 10 a. m.

TERMS: Any person purchasing to an amount exceeding ten dollars will be allowed six months credit with approved security. No articles to be removed until the conditions of sale have been complied with, and any purchaser refusing to comply with these conditions will be held liable for any loss resulting from a second sale of articles purchased by him.

C. G. BARKLEY,
S. KNORR,
Bloomsburg, April 27, '77-3t Assignees.

DR. BANNING

is permanently located at the
ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
Pittsburg, Pa. Diseases and Deformities of the Spine, Uterine Displacements, Dyspepsia, Hernia and Piles successfully treated by the **Banning System** of Mechanical Supports. Call or send for descriptive pamphlet, "The House You Live In." Mailed free.
April 20, '77-1m w

EVERY SOLDIER who was wounded or contracted permanent disease in service, can get a pension by writing to John Kirkpatrick, Cambridge, Ohio.
April 20, '77-1m w

HIGHEST AWARDS! Centennial Exhibition.

J REYNOLDS & SON,

NORTHWEST CORNER
Thirteenth and Filbert Sts.
PHILADELPHIA,
MANUFACTURERS OF PATENTED
Wrought-Iron Air-Tight Heaters
With Shaking and Clinker-Grinding Grates for Burning Anthracite or Bituminous Coal
CENTENNIAL
WROUGHT-IRON HEATERS.
FOR BITUMINOUS COAL,
Keystone
WROUGHT-IRON HEATERS,
Cooking Ranges, Low-down Grates, &c., &c.
Descriptive Circulars SENT FREE to any address.
EXAMINE BEFORE SELECTING.
April 27, '77-1y A & S

THOMAS B. HARTMAN. ALBERT HARTMAN.

HARTMAN BROS.,

DEALERS IN
TEAS, CANNED FRUIT,
CIGARS,
TOBACCO,
SNUFF,
CONFECTIONERY.
Spices of all kinds, Glass & Queensware,
FINE GROCERIES,
Foreign and Domestic Fruits,
AND GENERAL LINE OF
Family Provisions.
Russell's Old Stand,
RUPERT BLOCK,
4th door below Market street, Bloomsburg, Pa.
☞ Goods delivered to all parts of the town.
April 27, '77-tf

100,000

FACTS FOR THE PEOPLE.

Facts for the Farmer—Facts for the Merchant—Facts for the Horseman—Facts for the Stock-raiser—Facts for the Poultry-keeper—Facts for the Bee-Keeper—Facts for the Lawyer—Facts for the Laborer—Facts for the Fruit-raiser—Facts for the Gardener—Facts for the Doctor—Facts for the Invalid—Facts for the Householder—Facts for every family who wants to save money.

FACTS FOR AGENTS.

That this is the most important advertisement for you yet published, being the best chance to make money ever offered. The press endorses it, your own paper endorses it, everyone endorses it.

The Book of the Nineteenth Century.

Male and female agents coining money on it. Send to us at once and get circulars free. INGRAM, SMITH & BLACK, 731 Walnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.
April 13-13w

LICENSE NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following named persons have filed in the office of the Court of Quarter Sessions their petitions for Tavern, Eating House, or Liquor Store License which will be presented to the Court on Wednesday, May 9th, A. D., 1877.

John Keller,	Beaver twp.	Tavern.
Hiram Hess,	Beton twp.	"
John W. Kile,	Sugarloaf twp.	"
Nathan Rhinebner,	Beaver twp.	"
Hunnahroy Parker,	Greenwood twp.	"
Charles H. Bettterick,	Hemlock twp.	"
Joseph H. Shuman,	Beaver tw.	"
Daniel F. Curry,	Centralia Bor.	"
John L. Kline	Conyngham twp.	"
William Peiffer,	Centralia Bor.	"
John Monroe,	Conyngham twp.	"
Jacob Miller,	Scott twp.	"
John Leacock,	Bloomsburg,	"
A. K. Smith,	Madison twp.	"
J. E. Longenberger,	Mainville twp.	"
Wellington Yeager,	Locust twp.	"
Bernard Sconer,	Bloomsburg,	"
J. H. Hart,	Berwick twp.	"
J. R. Kistler,	Catawissa twp.	"
Boyd R. Yetter,	Mahoning twp.	"
Boyd W. Williams,	Berwick bor.	"
George W Mauger,	"	"
H. C. Conner,	Orange twp.	"
Levi W. Wagner,	Madison twp.	"
W. R. Tubbs,	Montour twp.	"
A. K. Shuman,	Centre twp.	"
John Eckrote,	Scott twp.	"
Koste Sander	Catawissa twp.	"
Reifsnyder,	Locust twp.	"
Daniel Kehren,	Mifflin twp.	"
Aaron W. Hess,	Mifflin twp.	"
O. A. Jacoby,	Bloomsburg,	Liquor Store.
Daniel W. Robbins,	Bloomsburg,	" "
Robert Bryson & Co.	Centralia Bor.	" "
Johanna O'Conner,	"	" "
D. F. Seyfert,	Berwick Bor,	" "
A. W Cramer,	Centralia Bor.	" "
J. K. Rhawn,	Catawissa twp.	Eating House.
H. Berger,	Berwick Bor.	" "
W. H. Gilmore,	Bloomsburg,	" "
Jodah Michael,	Catawissa twp.	" "
J. H. Ketchner,	Berwick Bor.	" "
E. S. Miller,	Catawissa twp.	" "
Charles Ikeler,	Beaver twp.	" "
Samuel Hazledine,	Bloomsburg	" "

B. F. ZARR,
Clerk Q. S.
Apr 120, '77-tc

REGISTER'S NOTICES.

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1877, at 2 o'clock, p. m. on said day:

1. First and final account of Oliver Watts, Administrator of Robert Watts, late of Centre township, deceased.
2. First and final account of Conrad Kramer, Administrator of Morris Pursel, late of Madison township, deceased.
3. First and final account of Joseph P. Conner and Samuel J. Conner, Administrators of Gilbert H Fowler, late of Centre township, deceased.
4. Second and final account of William H. Hagenbuch and Wilson D. Mellick, Administrators of Peter Mellick, late of Scott township, deceased.
5. Account of Charles Fetterman, Executor of Michael Snyder, late of Locust township, deceased, as filed by Lafayette Fetterman, Administrator of Charles Fetterman deceased.
6. Account of Elias Seultz, Guardian of Francis I. Shultz, an heir at law of Dorcas Shultz, deceased.
7. First and final account of Andrew J. Beagle and Nicholas Beagle, Administrators of Michael Beagle, late of S. t. Pleasant township, deceased.
8. Account of Abram Waltman, Executor of Jesse Zaner, late of Hemlock township deceased.
9. First and partial account of John Anderson, Administrator of the estate of Mo. Thornton, late of Conyngham township, deceased.
10. Final account of S. B. Delmer Guardian of Franklin H. Thornton, a grand child and heir of John Richards, deceased.
11. First and final account of Stephen Gearhart, Guardian of Daniel Gearhart, minor child of Jacob Gearhart, late of Main township, deceased.
12. Second account of Peter Ent, Administrator of Wellington H. Ent, late of Bloomsburg, deceased as filed by his Administrator, Oscar P. Ent.
13. Second and partial account of Allen Mann, Executor of Peter Gearhart, late of Beaver township, deceased.
14. The second and final account of Peter Ent, Administrator of W. M. Ent, deceased, as filed by Oscar P. Ent, Administrator of Peter Ent, deceased.
15. First and final account of S. H. Miller, Guardian of Jacob C. Hartzel, minor child of Jacob Hartzel, jr., late of Mifflin township, deceased.
16. First and final account of J. H. Hetler, Administrator of Jacob Hartzel, jr., late of Mifflin town ship, deceased.
17. First and final account of John Shuman, Guardian of Benjamin and George W. Hosler, minor children of Henry Hosler, late of Beaver township, deceased, as filed by his Executor John Klingerman.
18. First and final account of Jonas Hartzel and J. H. Hetler, Executors of Jacob Hartzel, sr., late of Mifflin township, deceased.
19. First and final account of D. A. Watson, Guardian of George F. Watson, minor child of Amaleda Watson, late of Madison township, deceased, as filed by Mary A. Watson, Administratrix of D. A. Watson, deceased.
20. First and final account of D. A. Watson, Administrator of John Swisher, late of Madison township, deceased, as filed by Mary A. Watson, Administratrix of D. A. Watson, deceased.
21. First and final account of D. A. Watson, Guardian of Emma Pegg and Ida Pegg, minor children of William Pegg, late of Madison township, deceased, as filed by Mary A. Watson, Administratrix of D. A. Watson, deceased.
22. The account of John Lore, Administrator of Ann Ashton, late of Pine township, deceased.

Register's Office, W. H. JACOBY,
Bloomsburg, April 6, 1877. Register.

WIDOWS' APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation to the Orphans Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Monday, the 7th day of May, 1877, at 2 o'clock p. m., of said day unless exceptions to such confirmation are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of Josiah B. Dodson, late of the borough of Berwick, deceased.
2. Widow of Andrew Gingles, late of Main township, deceased.
3. Widow of John Shuman, late of Beaver township, deceased.
4. Widow of John W. Girton, late of Madison township, deceased.
5. Widow of Thomas J. Thornton, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
6. Widow of Elisha Shultz, late of Benton township, deceased.
7. Widow of Robert P. Clark, late of the Town of Bloomsburg, deceased.
8. Widow of John C. Mordan, late of Mt. Pleasant township, deceased.
9. Widow of David A. Watson, late of Madison township, deceased.
10. Widow of Daniel Rarig, sr., late of Roaringcreek township, deceased.
11. Widow of John Belshine, late of Benton township, deceased.

Register's Office, W. H. JACOBY,
Bloomsburg, Apr. 6, 1876. Register.

PAINTING,

GLAZING AND PAPERING.

WM. F. BODINE, Iron Street below second, Bloomsburg, Pa., is prepared to do all kinds of

PAINTING,

GLAZING,

and

PAPER HANGING

in the best styles, at lowest prices, and at short notice.

Parties having such work to do will save money calling on me.

All work warranted to give satisfaction. Orders solicited

March 6'74 WM. F

Humorous.

There is some talk of starting a funny paper in Rome—a sort of Roman Punch you know.

An Iowa paper tells of a smart wife that helped her husband to raise seventy acres of wheat. The way she helped him was to stand in the door and shake a broom at him when he sat down to rest.

A sad, sweet smile went wandering around a pious congregation in Chicago the other Sunday morning, when the good pastor, with tender and solemn intonation, read: "Do men gather thorps of grains, or thigs of fistles?"

Byron wrote: "How sweet to hear the watch-dog's honest bark." From which we infer that Byron never attended a midnight sociable in a farmer's water melon patch.

John Kitten, of Illinois, claims to be 108 years old. If that kitten is ever to be recognized as a cat, it is about time that he was at it.

"That's all right," remarked the grocer, reassuringly, as he chased the piece of cheese back into the customer's basket, whence it was endeavoring to escape. "Yes," replied the customer, dubiously, "I know it must be, for mite is right."

The foolish man will ask a woman if her baby is not a trifle cross-eyed, but the wise man will take the cars to Syracuse, and make his inquiries by postal card.

Carefully elaborated statistics show that the average cost of refreshing a Boston alderman is $2.94. The economy of their fathers in saving the odd six cents which they might just as easy have made a square $3, is to be highly commended.

A gentleman was dining with a party of Home-Rulers the other night, when somebody insulted the Queen. A gallant loyal Irishman was on his feet in an instant. "Sir," said he to the culprit, "the duello is not now in fashion; but, if you had made that remark fifty years ago, I would call you out to-morrow morning."

Sheil, the dramatist—an Irishman—one day being at a rehearsal where Charles Young was playing the hero, intending to give peculiar effect to the situation, cried out: "Here, Mr. Young, you must draw your sword, and find you have not got one!"

The following advertisement is from a New Zealand paper: "Mr. John Gow begs to intimate to the party or parties who are in the habit of helping themselves to the firewood, that he has no further use for it. He hopes that the taste which they so strongly display for heat may be gratified, if not in this sphere at least in the next."

Nova Scotia sends this little story: A farmer, passing a bad piece of road, upset his load of potatoes. Angrily he declared he would make the Road Commission pay roundly for the damage. Referring to the list he discovered that he was the Commissioner for that district, and he concluded to overlook this neglect of the roads.

Ah Moon, a San Francisco Chinaman, being on trial for murder, was told by his lawyer that the best defence would be an alibi. The prisoner said that he could arrange readily for witnesses, and he did. Three of his countrymen swore that, at the time of the murder, he was at work in a wash house; two swore that he was asleep at home, and others would have sworn that he was in other places had not the lawyer interposed.

A Wisconsin man who had been induced by Western papers to go to Florida and start an orange factory, passed through Atlanta on his way home yesterday. His breeches were harnessed to him by one suspender, and he stood up to a free lunch counter with the air of a man who knew his rights and dared maintain them.

A New Yorker threw a mince pie at his wife and she got a divorce. A man who will wantonly squander a mince pie that way, when hundreds of New Yorkers are in a starving condition, doesn't deserve to have a wife. Why didn't he throw the pie dish?

A quarrel happened between an old gentleman and his son, the former reproached the young man with his ingratitude. "I am under no obligation to you," said the youth; "on the contrary, you have done me serious injury, for if you had never been born, I should now have been heir to my grandfather."

In making up the yearly statement of the average American people this year, it looked as though we were the thinnest, most bilious, dyspeptic people on the face of the globe, when the doctors came upon the tramps, and that rugged, healthy class of the community at once brought the standard of national health up to 32½ per cent above that of any other nation.

The Graphic alleges that the oysters in the New York aquarium open their mouths at the approach of their keeper, and that they try to follow him about by a series of ungainly leaps. If this doesn't start a clammy perspiration upon the regal brow of Truth, nothing will open her pores.

During a recent examination of a class of youngsters, in one of the Philadelphia schools, the teacher asked: "What is a monarchy?" and was immediately answered by a bright little eight-year-old boy: "A country governed by a king." "Who would rule if the king should die?" "The queen." "And if the queen should die, who then would be ruler?" "The jack."

The London *Musical World* has the following: "A celebrated vocalist, whose demeanor and acting were as awkward and ungainly as his voice was beautiful, said one day to Charles Bannister: 'Do you know what made my voice so melodious?' 'No,' replied Bannister. 'Why, then, when I was fifteen I swallowed by accident some train oil.' 'I don't think,' rejoined Bannister 'it would have done you any harm if, at the same time, you had swallowed a dancing master.'"

A visitor to a private lunatic asylum, who found a distinguished-looking man sitting moodily alone, went up and said to him, "How do you do. I think I have seen you before. May I ask your name." "My name!" returned the man fiercely; "I am Alexander the Great!" "Why," said the visitor, who suddenly remembered having already had a discussion with the man, "the last time I was here you were St. Paul!" "Yes, of course" the man rejoined quickly, "but that was by the first wife."

Agricultural.

Raising Turkeys.

Turkeys delight in warm weather, and for the chicks it can never be too hot. Warm weather and long rambles along the pleasant fields are good for the growing brood. To be profitable turkeys must make rapid growth, and to do this they should be kept on hearty food, and dry and warm. A turkey hen never leads her brood across the open fields, exposed to the sponsagh of evening dews, but steals cautiously and slowly along, with one eye on the alert for danger, while the pretty little creatures, sleek and downy, prattle and chatter, and look in every out of the way nook and corner for some concealed insect. They are immensely fond of spiders, and from the eagerness with which they search for and devour them, the morsel must be very sweet and good to their taste. When fully grown they will not scruple at swallowing a good sized snake. Turkeys will not bear confinement. Their habitude is the free open air and sunny fields. The mother hen always keeps her brood together with a soft, low, cooing sound which they early learn and follow. She generally seeks deep grass and grain fields, wherein the young can hide from the attacks of overhanging hawks. A peculiar sound from the parent hen causes every chick to squat and hide in the tall weeds and grass. They remain thus secreted until assured from her that all danger is over, when the bright little creatures come forth with a happy flutter of glad wings. Turkeys are perhaps the most interesting in their shy cunning ways of all our domesticated birds. Their haunts are pleasant and clean, in fact turkeys will not thrive at all, unless they are kept in a state of comparative cleanliness.

Farmers in general are prejudiced against turkeys. Their roving propensities often lead them into mischief. It is, indeed, annoying to be obliged to put up with the frequent trespasses of a flock of turkeys. They always seek the deepest grass, and trail through, and find the rankest and shadiest corn field. In the early part of the season they do not damage either grass or grain, other than treading it down; but later, when corn and buckwheat kernels have become tempting, I would not care to be answerable for their depredations; still they will not thrive without their run. If on one's own premises, the damage is slight, if on a neighbor's a provocation to anger, the better way is to limit their range, if possible, and train them to certain bounds. We have often observed that the later broods, that come off about harvest time, thrive much better than the early hatched; that is, they are more apt to live. One turkey hatched the last of May or first of June, is worth two hatched in August; has more frame and muscle, and makes altogether a finer bird. Why is it that the late hatched live better than the early? Simply because the parent bird is in a better state of cleanliness, and freed from vermin, and it is the presence of vermin on the body that produces or aggravates every disease. The turkey hen sits over four weeks. The chick comes out in twenty-six days, but the mother's sedentary life is not then at an end, for the young must be covered, and she has had no opportunity for wallowing before commencing her first period of incubation, and thus ridding her body of the winter accumulation. These parasites leave the parent and crowd and breed on the young chicks. With the first brood this fomidable obstacle is to be encountered. Later in the season the turkey hen is rid of this scourge, and the young do not have the parasites to confront—the weather is dry and warm, and the earth has become so thoroughly heated that the nightly roosting strikes them with no chill. Frequently the later broods require no feeding, as there is sufficient forage of tender herbage and insects for their supply, but our dependence for large turkeys (and size is an important item) must be on the early hatched.

Frequently June is heralded by cold beating rain storms, followed by chilling east winds. All young chicks, and turkeys in particular, must be guarded against these vicissitudes. The best way to do this is to provide a building for their occupancy that can be warmed by means of a stove, as the spring chicks require a constant watch over them to enable them to pass safely through the gapes. Warm weather, high feed, and clean quarters will tide them over this terrible scourge. At three weeks, if kept in good condition, they are beyond danger; yet a close observer will perhaps note the heavy breathing and hoarse rattling in the throat which always accompany the gapes, although the bird may give no other indication of the presence of the disease. As long as this slime is loose in the throat there is no danger, but a sudden cold may tighten it, and then there is no help. While it is loose, and the bird is strong, a vigorous sneeze will remove the difficulty; but when once weakened or reduced in strength, there is no hope. I believe, of late years, all the early broods of both chickens and turkeys are afflicted to a greater or less degree, with this most painful malady, for which there is prevention, but no cure.—*C. B., in Country Gentleman.*

Plant Early Potatoes Only.

Prof. McAfee, of the Iowa Agricultural College, advises the planting of early varieties of potatoes only, in order to cut off the supply of food for the potato beetles late in the summer. This, we think, is an excellent suggestion, and for other reasons than those named by Prof. McAfee. There are, at least two broods of this insect in a season throughout the greater part of the Northern and Middle States, and in some favorable localities three. Now, if none but the earliest varieties are planted, the tops will be ripe by the time the first brood comes to maturity. The second brood, not finding its favorite in abundance, a large portion must perish, for, say from the first of August until the following spring is rather too long a time for the mature insect to live, especially if cut short of food. It is generally the second or last brood that hibernates, passing through the winter in safety; but by cutting off the supply of food we may at least lessen the number which are to pass off the following season. It is worth trying; in fact, anything which is likely to lessen the number of this great pest should receive due attention at this time.

Hog Cholera.

A Michigan farmer says: "I have never known of an instance of cholera among hogs that had clean quarters, and were fed regularly, kept warm and dry, although fed exclusively on corn, and if they had pure drink. I do not attribute the disease to any cause alone, but a combination of them. To put a hog in a cold, wet muddy place; expose it to hot days and chilly nights, allow it to pick its food from the dirt, and drink from some filthy pond or hole, is enough to make a hog sick, and to invite every known disease hog flesh is heir to." This is true; and farmers everywhere will study their interests by keeping their swine in clean, warm pens.

To All, Particularly Invalids,

spring is a trying season. Indications of sickness should at once be attended to. Fatal diseases may be caused by allowing the bowels to become constipated and the system to remain in a disordered condition, until the disorder has time to develop itself. An ounce of prevention is worth a pound of cure, is an old and truthful saying. Therefore, we advise all who are troubled with the complaints now very prevalent—be dache, indigestion, disordered liver, want of appetite, nausea, or feverish skin, to take, without delay Simmons's Mandrake Pills. We know of no remedy so harmless and decisive in its action. It takes cold at the root of the disease and breaks it up. Its effects are almost magical. Purely vegetable, desiccation of the liver if they do not cure in the most excellent medicine when they rest the first symptoms of the malady. Persons leaving home for the summer months should take three or four boxes of these pills with them. They have an almost instantaneous effect. They will relieve the patient of headache in an hour or two, and will rapidly cleanse the liver of surrounding ills, and will effectually prevent a bilious attack. They are sold by all druggists. May.

VEGETINE

PURIFIES THE BLOOD.

Renovates and Invigorates the Whole System.

Its Medicinal Properties are Alterative, Tonic, Solvent and Diuretic.

VEGETINE is made exclusively from the juices of carefully selected barks, roots and herbs, and so strongly concentrated, that will effectually eradicate from the system every taint of scrofula Scrofulous Humor, TUMORS, CANCER, Cancerous Humor, Erysipelas, Salt Rheum, Syphilitic Diseases, Canker, Faintness at the Stomach, and all diseases that arise from Impure Blood. SCIATICA, Inflammatory and Chronic Rheumatism, NEURALGIA Gout and spinal Complaints, can only be effectually cured through the blood.

For TUMORS and Eruptive Diseases of the skin, Pustules, Pimples, Blotches, Boils, Tetter, Scald-head and Ringworm, VEGETINE has never failed to effect a permanent cure.

For Pains in the Back, Kidney Complaints, Dropsy, Female Weakness, Leucorrhœa, Ulceration of the uterine catarrh, and all the diseases and disorders of the urinary system, VEGETINE is the best remedy ever discovered. Ulceration of the Kidneys and Bladder, in which the vital forces are prostrated, requires a tonic, such as the VEGETINE, whose system acts upon the excretory organs, allays inflammation, cures ulceration and regulates the bowels.

For Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Habitual Costiveness, Palpitation of the Heart, Headache, Piles, Nervousness and General Prostration of the nervous system, no medicine has given such perfect satisfaction as the VEGETINE. It purifies the blood, cleanses all of the organs, and possesses a controlling power over the nervous system.

The remarkable cures effected by VEGETINE have induced many physicians and apothecaries whom we know to prescribe and use it in their own families.

In fact, VEGETINE is the best remedy yet discovered for the above diseases, and is the only reliable **BLOOD PURIFIER** yet placed before the public.

THE BEST EVIDENCE.

The following letter from Rev. E. S. Best, Pastor of M. E. Church, Natick, Mass., will be read with interest by many physicians. Also, those suffering from the same disease as admitted by a son of the Rev. E. S. Best. No person can doubt this testimony, as there is no doubt about the curative powers of VEGETINE:

NATICK, MASS., Jan. 1, 1874.

MR. H. R. STEVENS: Dear Sir—We have good reason for regarding your VEGETINE a medicine of the greatest value. We feel assured that it has been the means of saving our son's life. He is now seventeen years of age; for the last two years he has suffered from necrosis of his leg, caused by scrofulous affection, and was so far reduced that nearly all who saw him thought his recovery impossible. A council of able physicians could give us but the faintest hope of ever rallying, two of the number declaring that he was beyond the reach of human remedies, that even amputation could not save him, as he had not vigor enough to endure the operation. Just then we commenced giving him VEGETINE, and from that time to the present he has been continuously improving. He has lately resumed his studies, thrown away his crutches and cane, and walks about cheerfully and strong.

Though there is still some discharge from the opening where the limb was anced, we have the fullest confidence that in a little time he will be perfectly cured.

He has taken about three dozen bottles of VEGETINE, but lately uses but little, as he declares that he is too well to be taking medicine.

Respectfully yours,

E. S. BEST,
MRS. L. C. P. BEST.

ALL DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

If VEGETINE will relieve pain, cleanse, purify and cure such diseases, restoring the patient to perfect health after trying different physicians, many remedies, suffering for years, is it not conclusive proof if you are a sufferer, you can be cured? Why is this medicine performing such great cures? It works in the blood, in the circulating fluid. It can truly be called the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER. The great source of disease originates in the blood; and no medicine that does not act directly upon it to purify and renovate, has any just claim upon public attention.

Recommend it Heartily.

South Boston, Feb. 7, 1870.

MR. STEVENS: Dear Sir—I have taken several bottles of your VEGETINE, and am convinced it is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, Kidney Complaint, and general debility of the system.

I can heartily recommend it to all suffering from the above complaints. Yours respectfully,

MRS. MONROE PARKER,
936 Athens street.

Prepared by H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass.

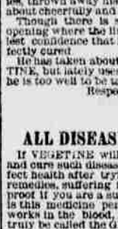
Vegetine is sold by all druggists.

WHERE TO ADVERTISE.

A. T. Stewart says the best advertising mediums he has ever found "are the old established organs of the two political parties, of the several county seats throughout the Union." "These," he says "reach every family of the least account in their several counties, and are more carefully read than any other class of journals." If Mr. Stewart's judgment is of value, there is no difficulty in deciding which paper it is for the interest of business men to advertise in The COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT, upon which this paper is partially founded, was established in 1806, and the COLUMBIAN now enjoys a wider circulation and greater prosperity than it ever did. It goes weekly into two thousand families in Columbia and adjoining counties, and by most of them is read from the first to the last line. It is the only recognised exponent of nearly five thousand Democratic voters in the county. It gives advertisements a tasty display, that makes them attractive to its patrons, thus ensuring greater certainty that they will peruse them. While its circulation is undoubtedly much the largest in the county, the advertising rates of the COLUMBIAN are no higher than those of other papers with barely half and several not one-fourth the number of subscribers. Facts like these speak for themselves. No shrewd business man will neglect to insert his advertisements in the COLUMBIAN tf

Ayer's Cathartic Pills,

For all the purposes of a Family Physic, and for curing Costiveness, Jaundice, Indigestion, Foul Stomach, Breath, Headache, Erysipelas, Rheumatism, Eruptions and Skin Diseases, Biliousness, Dropsy, Tumors, Worms, Neuralgia, as a Dinner Pill, for Purifying the Blood,



Are the most effective and concential purgative ever discovered. They are mild, but effectual in their operation, moving the bowels surely and without pain. Although gentle in their operation, they are still the most thorough and searching cathartic medicine that can be employed: cleansing the stomach and bowels, and even the blood. In small doses of one pill a day, they stimulate the digestive organs and promote vigorous health.

AYER'S PILLS have been known for more than a quarter of a century, and have obtained a world-wide reputation for their virtues. They correct diseased action in the several assimilative organs of the body, and are so composed that obstructions within their range can rarely withstand or evade them. Not only do they cure the every-day complaints of everybody, but also formidable and dangerous diseases that have baffled the best of human skill. While they produce powerful effects, they are, at the same time, the safest and best physic for children. By their aperient action they gripe much less than the common purgatives, and never give pain when the bowels are not inflamed. They reach the vital fountains of the blood, and strengthen the system by freeing it from the elements of weakness.

Adapted to all ages and conditions in all climates, containing neither calomel nor any deleterious drug, these Pills may be taken with safety by anybody. Their sugar-coating preserves them ever fresh, and makes them pleasant to take; while being purely vegetable, no harm can arise from their use in any quantity.

PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,
Practical and Analytical Chemists.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Oct. 13, 1876-1y

BLOOMSBURG TANNERY.

G. A. HERRING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the public that he has reopened

SNYDER'S TANNERY,

(old stand) Bloomsburg, Pa., at the Forks of the Espy and Light Street roads, where all descriptions of leather will be made in the most substantial and workmanlike manner, and sold at prices to suit the times. The highest price in cash will at all times be paid for

GREEN HIDES

of every description in the country. The public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Bloomsburg, Oct. 1, 1875-

ROLLINS & HOLMES,

have removed to Evans' Block, Main Street.

Extra heavy Tin Wire, also

AWNINGS AND TENTS

of every description manufactured by

ROLLINS & HOLMES.

Ga'vanized Iron Cornice

designed and manufactured by

Rollins & Holmes.

ARGAND HOT BASE STOVES

the best and most economical in the market.

Rollins & Holmes.

RANGES.

The BARSTOW ELEVATED Oven Range, the LION and EMPRESS Portable Ranges have no equal.

Rollins & Holmes.

STEAM.

Public and private buildings heated by steam. A variety of

Steam Pipe, Valves and Fittings,

constantly on hand.

Rollins & Holmes.

PLUMBING & GAS FITTING

promptly done

Rollins & Holmes.

Feb 1, '77—tf

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING,

AND

Gentlemen's Dress Goods.

DAVID LOWENBERG

Invites attention to his large and elegant stock

Cheap and Fashionable Clothing,

at his store on

MAIN STREET, IN THE NEW BLOCK,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN'S AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

BOX,
SACK,
FROCK,
GUM,
AND OIL CLOTH,

COATS AND PANTS,

OF ALL SORTS SIZES AND COLORS,

He has also replenished his already large stock of

CLOTHS AND CASSIMERES,
STRIPED,
FIGURED,
AND PLAIN VESTS,
SHIRTS,
CRAVATS
SOCKS,
COLLARS,
HANDKERCHIEFS,
GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS,
AND

FANCY ARTICLES.

He has constantly on hand a large and well selected assortment of

Cloths and Vestings,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

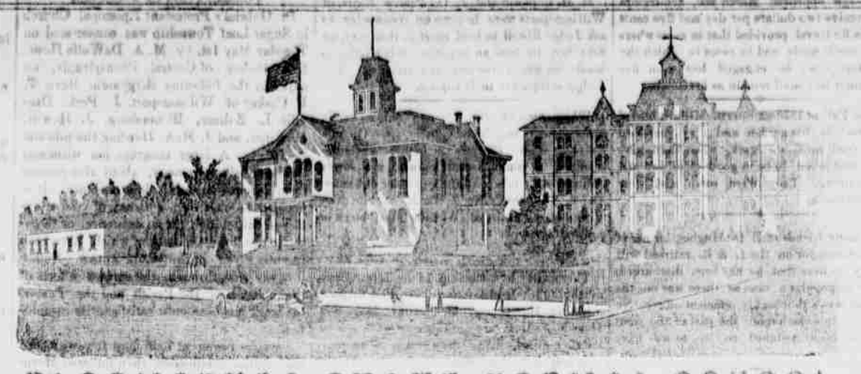
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FINE AND CHEAP.

HIS CASE OF JEWELRY IS NOT SURPASSED IN THIS PLACE.

CALL AND EXAMINE HIS GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF

Clothing, Watches, Jewelry, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG.



BLOOMSBURG STATE NORMAL SCHOOL

SIXTH NORMAL SCHOOL DISTRICT.

Bloomsburg, Columbia County, Pennsylvania.

T. L. GRISWOLD, A. M., M. D Principal.

THIS SCHOOL, as at present constituted, offers the very best facilities for Professional and Classical learning.

Buildings spacious, inviting and commodious; completely heated by steam, well ventilated, lighted by gas, and furnished with a bountiful supply of pure, soft, spring water.

Location healthful, and easy of access. Teachers experienced, efficient, and alive to their work. Discipline, firm but kind, uniform and thorough. Expenses moderate. Fifty cents a week deducted to all expecting to teach. Students admitted at any time. Rooms reserved when desired.

Courses of study prescribed by the State:

I. Model School. II. Preparatory. III. Elementary. IV. Classical.

Adjunct Courses: I. Academic. II. Commercial. III. Course in Music. IV. Course in Art. V. Course in Physical Culture.

The Elementary Scientific and Classical Courses are PROFESSIONAL, and students graduating therein, receive State Diplomas, conferring the following corresponding Degrees: Master of the Elements; Master of the Sciences; Master of the Classics. Graduates in the other Courses receive Normal Certificates of their attainments, signed by the officers of the Board of Trustees.

The course of study prescribed by the State is liberal, and the Scientific and Classical courses are not inferior to those of our best colleges. The State requires higher qualifications. The Model Department is one of the principal objects of this School. It is open to pupils of intelligent and efficient teachers for her schools. To this end it solicits young persons of good abilities and good purposes, those who desire to improve their time and their talents, as students. To all such it promises aid in developing their powers, and abundant opportunities for well paid labor after leaving School. For Catalogue, address the Principal.

HON. WILLIAM ELWELL, President Board of Trustees.
COL. J. G. FREEZE, Secretary.
Sept. 8, 76-1y

WHOLESALE DRUG EMPORIUM.

Corner Main and Market Street

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

The undersigned having been engaged in the

WHOLESALE DRUG

business for the past eight years would call the attention of country dealers to their large and varied stock.

They defy competition by any house in or out of the large cities.

Their stock consists of Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Patent Medicines, Spices, &c.

RETAIL DEPARTMENT

BROWER'S BLOCK.

Where may be found a large stock of Surgical Instruments Sponges, Chamois, Colognes, Perfumery and in fact everything kept in a well regulated retail Drug Store.

They have secured the services of **Mr. John Lawall**, a German, who is a thorough Druggist, and German customers can rely upon having their business attended to intelligently.

They are also Sole Manufacturers of the celebrated

OIL OF GLADNESS.

CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.

MOYER BROS.

May 19, '76.-tf.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.

Then Buy MILLER BROS.'

and save one-third the cost of **CHEMICAL PAINT** painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years, and now look as well as when first painted. This CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address MILLER BROS., 109 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio.

N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO, 178 Prince street, N. Y. May 12, '76—1y.

ARE YOU GOING TO PAINT.

Then Buy N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO.'S

and save one-third the cost of **CHEMICAL PAINT** painting, and get a paint that is much handsomer and will last twice as long as any other paint. Is prepared ready for use in white or any color desired. Is on many thousands of the finest buildings in the country, many of which have been painted six years and now look as well as when first painted. CHEMICAL PAINT has taken First Premiums at twenty of the State Fairs of the Union. Sample card of colors sent free. Address N. Y. ENAMEL PAINT CO., 178 Prince street, N. Y., or MILLER BROS., 109 Water street, Cleveland, Ohio. May 12, '76—1y.

THE GREAT WEDDING CARD DEPOT.

THE LATEST STYLES IN

WEDDING INVITATIONS.

Prices lower than any House in the Country.

ORDERS BY MAIL PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

WM. H. HOSKINS,

STATIONER AND ENGRAVER,

913 Arch Street, Philadelphia.

BLOOM IRON WORKS,

HARMAN & HASSERT, Proprietors;

East Street, South side of L. & B. Railroad Bloomsburg, Pa.

Respectfully call the attention of the public to the following statements: They manufacture all kinds of IRON and BRASS CASTINGS. They make the Celebrated Original and IMPROVED MONTROSE PLOWS, also all kinds of Repairs, such as Mold Boards Points, Landsides bolts, handles, &c. They also make

HEATING AND COOK STOVES

and are prepared to furnish all kinds of repairs, such as Grates, Fire Brick, &c., wholesale and retail. They make the **Improved Coal-saving Grate for the Wm. Penn Stove**, the most economical Grate in use. They are also prepared to furnish SAW AND GRIST MILL MACHINERY SHAFTING, PULLEYS, &c. They pay especial attention to the

Repairing of Threshing Machines, Reapers, &c.

The proprietors being practical mechanics, having had an experience of over thirty years, the publican rely upon having all work entrusted to them done in the Best Manner and at Fair prices.

Jan. 26, '77-1y

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE

REAL ESTATE!

The undersigned will sell at private sale

A VALUABLE FARM,

situated in Fishingcreek township, Columbia county bounded by lands of John Bantz, Samuel Rhone, Joseph Coleman's heirs, Charles Ash, Daniel Karns and William Hulme, containing about

150 ACRES,

of which about 115 acres are cleared, on which is erected

A GOOD FRAME HOUSE,

FRAME BARN, and all necessary outbuildings. There is also

A GOOD ORCHARD,

on the premises.

Terms will be made known by calling on the undersigned, or by addressing him at Bull Water, Pa.

MATHIAS KLINE.

Feb2-3m

$777 is not easily earned in these times but it can be made in three months by any one of either sex, in any part of the country who is willing to work steadily at the employment that we furnish. $66 per week in your own town. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. It costs nothing to try the business. Terms and $5 Outfit free. Address at once, H. HALLETT & Co., Portland, Maine. Feb. 16 '77 1yr.

JOB PRINTING

OF EVERY DESRIPTION

EXECUTED PROMPTLY

AT THE COLUMBIAN OFFICE

Important to Lawyers.

Justices of the Peace, Constables, Executors, Administrators, Guardians, Township officers, and business men generally.

We have on hand a large assortment of legal blanks for the use of Attorneys, Justices and Constable's blanks of all kinds, Note and Receipt books for Administrators &c.

PRICE LIST.

ATTORNEY'S BLANKS.

Precipe for Summons. 5 cents each
" " Fi. Fa. 10 " "
" " Rule to take Depositions. 15 " "
" " " choose Arbitrators. 5 " "
9 cents apiece, or $1.75 per hundred.

Petition for Appointment of Guardian. 10 " "
" " Citation 10 " "
Rule to take Depositions. 15 " "
Narr in Debt, with Confession, 10 " "
" " Assumpsit. 10 " "
Mechanics Lien. 10 " "
8 cents each or $2.50 per hundred.
Petition for sale of Real Estate 8 cents each.

JUSTICE'S BLANKS.

Subpœnas, Summons, Warrants, Executions, 30 to 36 cents each.

Leases	5 cents each
Blue Deeds	10 " "
Parchment Deeds	15 " "
Agreements	5 " "
Orphan's Court Sales	20 for $1 50
Constable's Sales	5 cents each
Mortgage and Bond	10 " "
All kinds of Notes	5 " "

Receipts, Notes, School Orders, Poor Orders, Store Orders, neatly bound, constantly on hand, or made to order on short notice.

We are prepared to do neater job work than any other office in this county.

BROCKWAY & ELWELL,
Editors and Proprietors of the COLUMBIAN,
Bloomsburg, Pa

NOTICE.

From this date the Bloomsburg Gas Company will put in service pipes at first cost and furnish and set meter s at four dollars each.

The company have on hand a lot of gas tar suited for painting roofs, and posts or other timbers placed under ground.

Price 10 cents per gallon or $2.50 per barrel.

Oct. 10, '76- O. W. HILLER, Sec

GLENN'S SULPHUR SOAP.

THOROUGHLY CURES DISEASES OF THE SKIN, BEAUTIFIES THE COMPLEXION, PREVENTS AND REMEDIES RHEUMATISM AND GOUT, HEALS SORES AND ABRASIONS OF THE CUTICLE AND COUNTERACTS CONTAGION.

This Standard External Remedy for Eruptions, Sores and Injuries of the Skin, not only REMOVES FROM THE COMPLEXION ALL BLEMISHES arising from local impurities of the blood and obstruction of the pores, but also those produced by the sun and wind, such as tan and freckles. It renders the CUTICLE MARVELOUSLY CLEAR, SMOOTH and PLIANT, and being a WHOLESOME BEAUTIFIER is far preferable to any cosmetic.

ALL THE REMEDIAL ADVANTAGES OF SULPHUR BATHS are insured BY THE USE OF *Glenn's Sulphur Soap*, which in addition to its purifying effects, remedies and PREVENTS RHEUMATISM and GOUT.

It also DISINFECTS CLOTHING and LINEN and PREVENTS DISEASES COMMUNICATED BY CONTACT with the PERSON.

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Oct. 26, '76.-1y.

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ly14, 1876.-1y.

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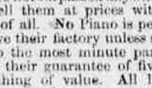

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Dec1, '76-1y

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RAIL ROAD TIME TABLES

PHILADELPHIA AND READING ROAD

ARRANGEMENT OF PASSENGER TRAINS

July 12, 1876.

TRAINS LEAVE HOPPER AS FOLLOWS (EXCEPT EXCEPTS)

For New York [illegible]

For Williamsport, [illegible]

TRAINS FOR HOPPER LEAVE AS FOLLOWS, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

Leave New York, 8.45 a. m.
Leave Philadelphia, 8.35 a. m.
Leave Reading, 11.3 a. m. Pottsville, 9.15 p. m. and Tamaqua, 1.30 p. m.
Leave Catawissa, 8.30 a. m. and 4.00 p. m.
Leave Williamsport, 6.30 a. m. 12.00 m. and 5.40 p. m.
Passengers going to New York and Philadelphia go through without change of cars.

J. E. WOOTTEN,
General Manager.

C. G. HANCOCK,
General Ticket Agent.
Jan. 14, '76—1y.

NORTHERN CENTRAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

On and after November 29th, 1875, trains will leave SUNBURY as follows:

SOUTHWARD.

Erie Mail 3.30 a. m., arrive Elmira [illegible]
" " Canandaigua 7.25 p. m.
" " Rochester 8.15 "
" " Niagara 9.40 "
Express accommodation 11.10 a. m. arrive Williamsport 11.25 p. m.
Elmira Mail 4.10 a. m., arrive Elmira 10.20 a. m.
Buffalo Express 7.15 a. m. arrive Buffalo 6.50 a. m.

SOUTHWARD.

Buffalo Express 2.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 6.50 p. m.
" " Baltimore 8.40 "
" " Washington 10.35 "
Elmira Mail 11.15 a. m., arrive Harrisburg 4.15 p. m.
" " Baltimore 6.30 "
" " Washington 8.30 "
Harrisburg accommodation 8.40 p. m. arrive Harrisburg 12.25 p. m.
" " Baltimore 6.25 a. m.
" " Washington 6.15 "
Erie Mail 12.50 a. m. arrive Harrisburg 3.50 a. m.
" " Baltimore 8.40 "
" " Washington 10.35 "

All daily except Sunday.

D. M. BOYD, JR., General Passenger Agent.
A. J. CASSATT, General Manager.

DELAWARE, LACKAWANNA AND WESTERN RAILROAD.

BLOOMSBURG DIVISION.

Time-Table No. 29, takes effect at 4:00 A. M. MONDAY, NOVEMBER 22 1875.

SOUTH.			STATIONS.	SOUTH.		
8.00	1.00	4.10		9.10	2.10	5.20
8.15	1.15	4.25	Scranton	8.55	1.55	5.05
8.30	1.30	4.42	Dunmore	8.38	1.38	4.50
8.45	1.45	5.00	Providence	8.20	1.20	4.30
8.50	1.50	5.05	Taylorville	8.15	1.15	4.25
8.55	1.55	5.10	Olyphant	8.10	1.10	4.20
9.02	2.02	5.17	Jermyn	8.03	1.03	4.13
9.12	2.12	5.28	Archbald	7.53	12.53	4.03
9.20	2.20	5.36	Carbondale	7.45	12.45	3.55
9.30	2.30	5.46	Winton	7.35	12.35	3.45
9.35	2.35	5.51	Jessup	7.30	12.30	3.40
9.40	2.40	5.56	Blakely	7.25	12.25	3.35
9.45	2.45	6.01	Peckville	7.20	12.20	3.30
9.50	2.50	6.06	Simpson	7.15	12.15	3.25
9.55	2.55	6.11	Lackawaxen	7.10	12.10	3.20
10.00	3.00	6.16	Waymart	7.05	12.05	3.15
10.10	3.10	6.26	Prompton	6.55	11.55	3.05
10.15	3.15	6.31	Honesdale	6.50	11.50	3.00
a.m.	p.m.	p.m.		a.m.	p.m.	p.m.

W. P. HALSTEAD, Supt.
Superintendent's Office, Scranton, Dec. 10, 1875.

**M. C. SL